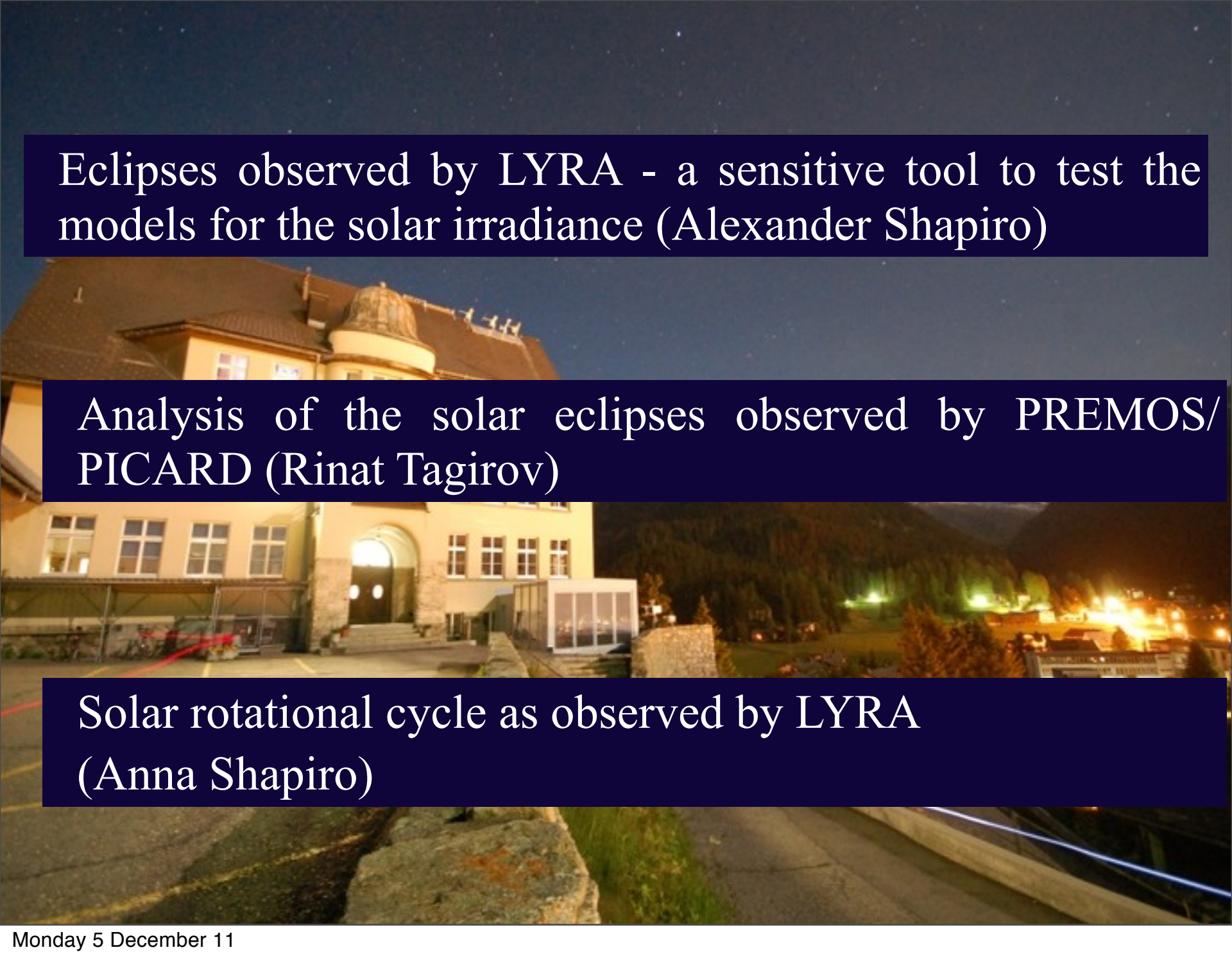




Monday 5 December 11



Eclipses observed by LYRA - a sensitive tool to test the models for the solar irradiance (Alexander Shapiro)

Analysis of the solar eclipses observed by PREMOS/PICARD (Rinat Tagirov)

Solar rotational cycle as observed by LYRA (Anna Shapiro)

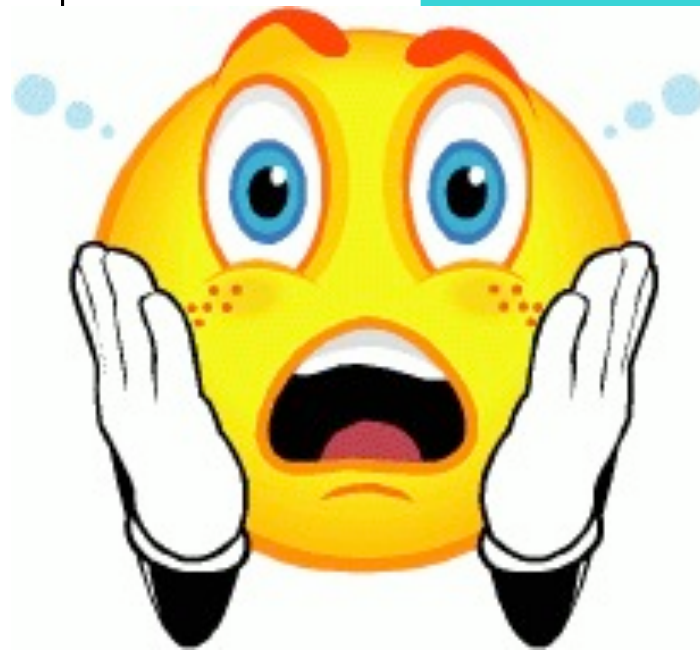
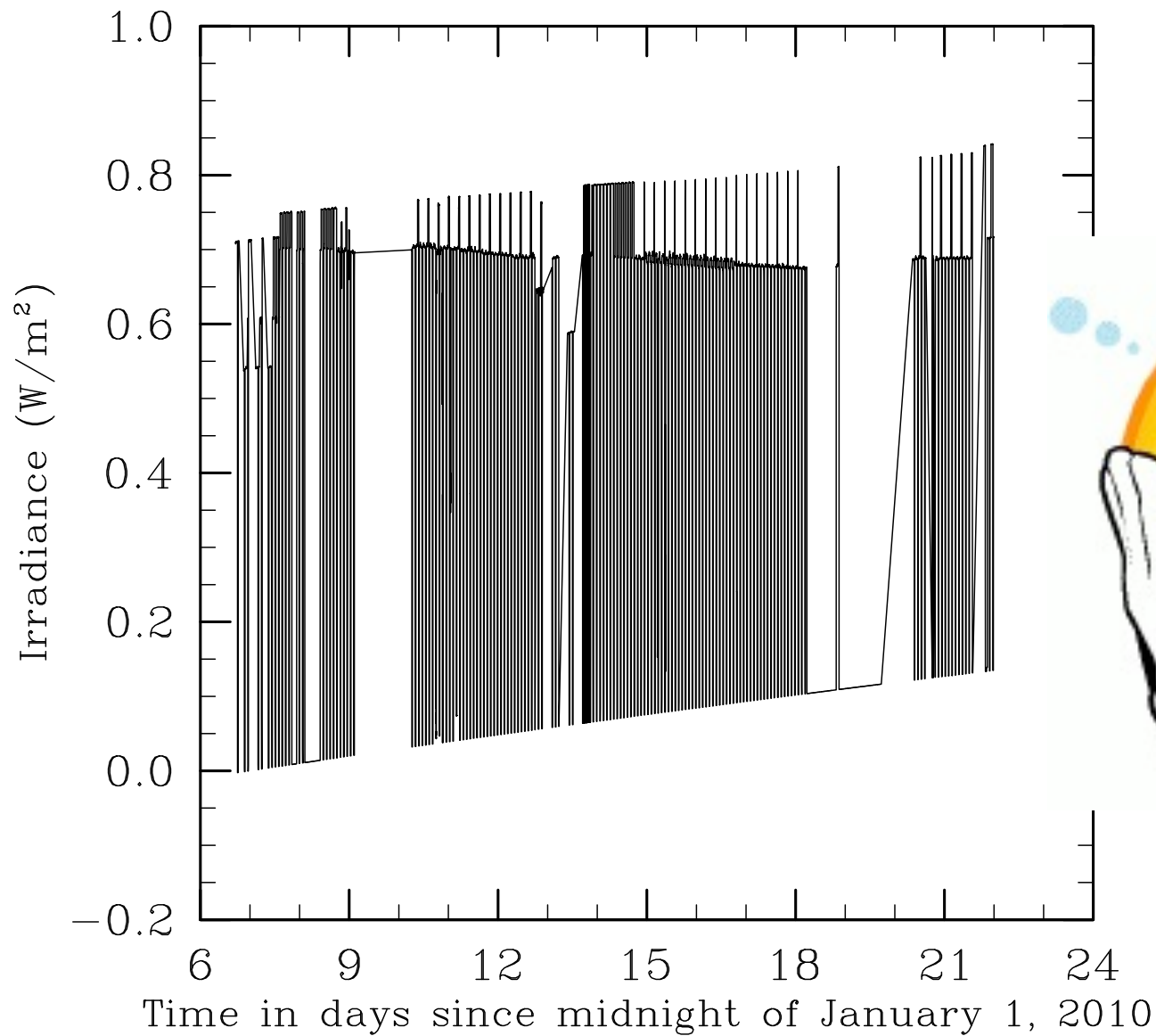
# Solar Physics with LYRA

# Solar Physics with LYRA

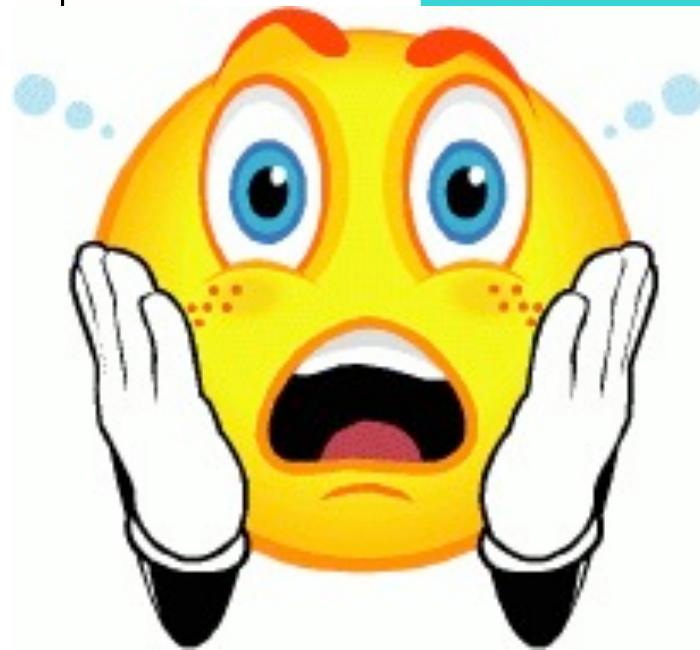
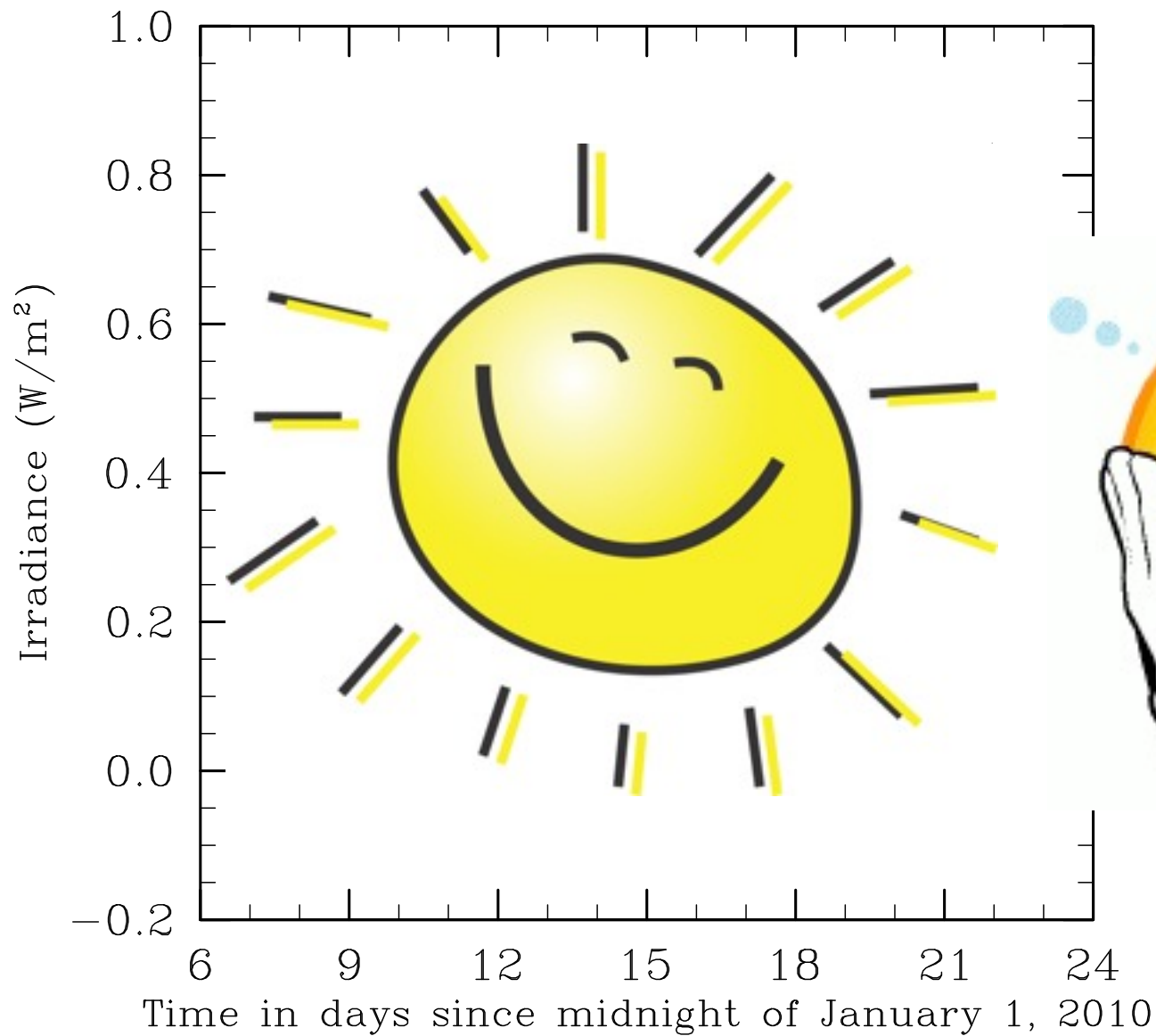




# Solar Physics with LYRA

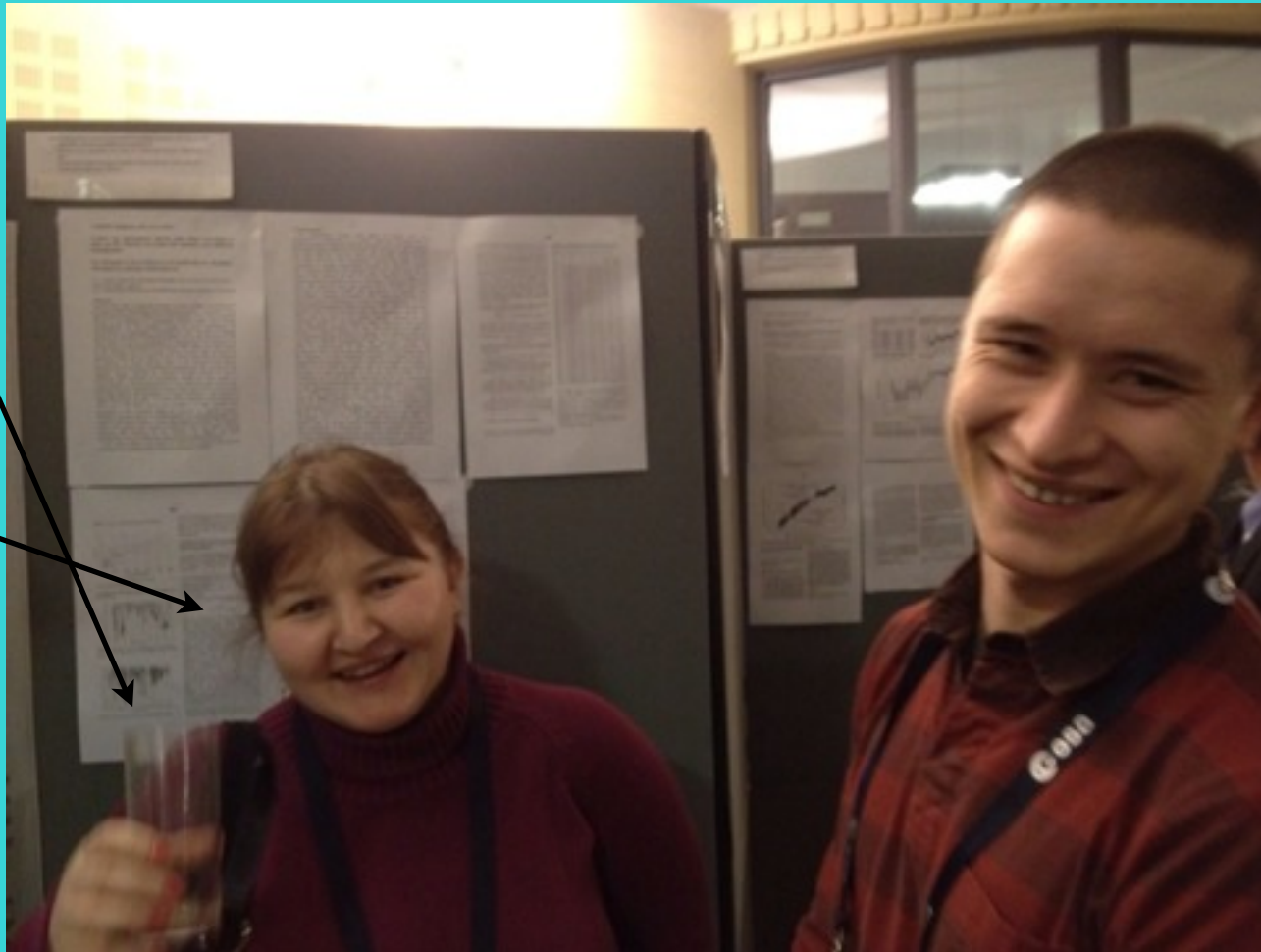


# Solar Physics with LYRA



# Analysis of the eclipses as observed by LYRA

# Analysis of the eclipses as observed by LYRA



glass of  
water

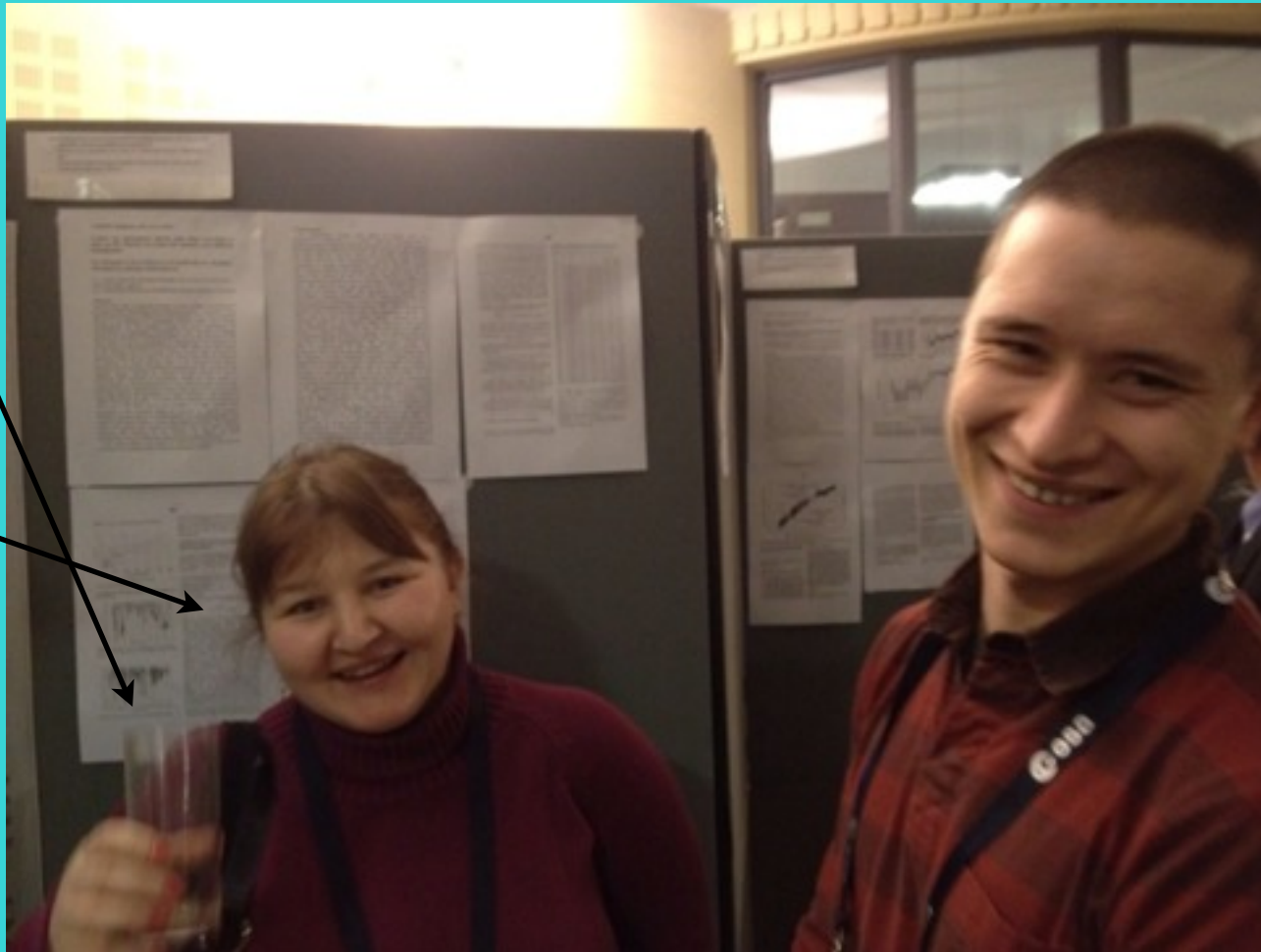
Anna

Rinat



Analysis of the eclipses as observed by LYRA

Analysis of the eclipses as  
observed by PREMOS/PICARD



glass of  
water

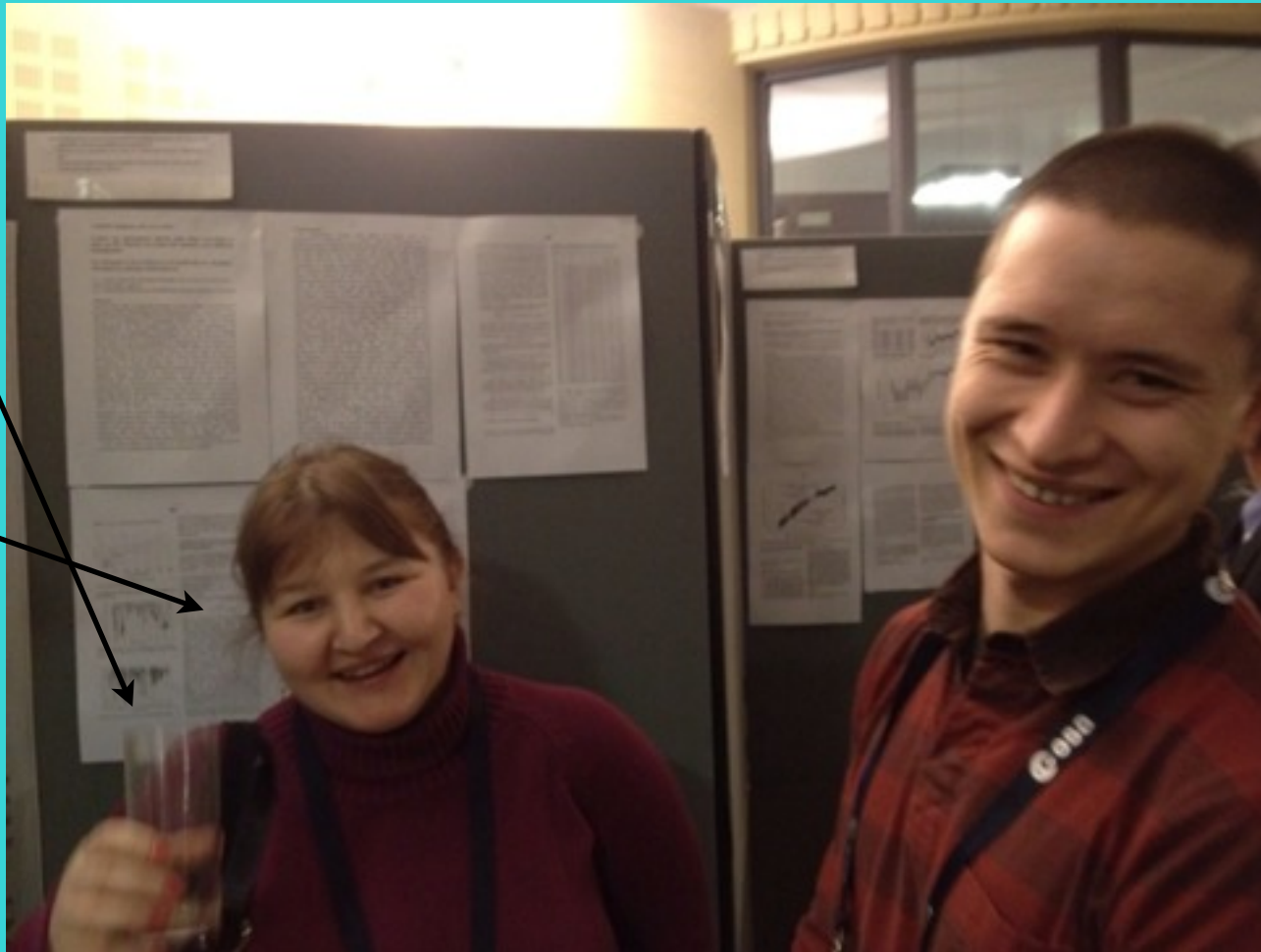
Anna

Rinat

# Analysis of the eclipses as observed by LYRA

Signatures of the solar rotational cycle in the LYRA data

Analysis of the eclipses as observed by PREMOS/PICARD

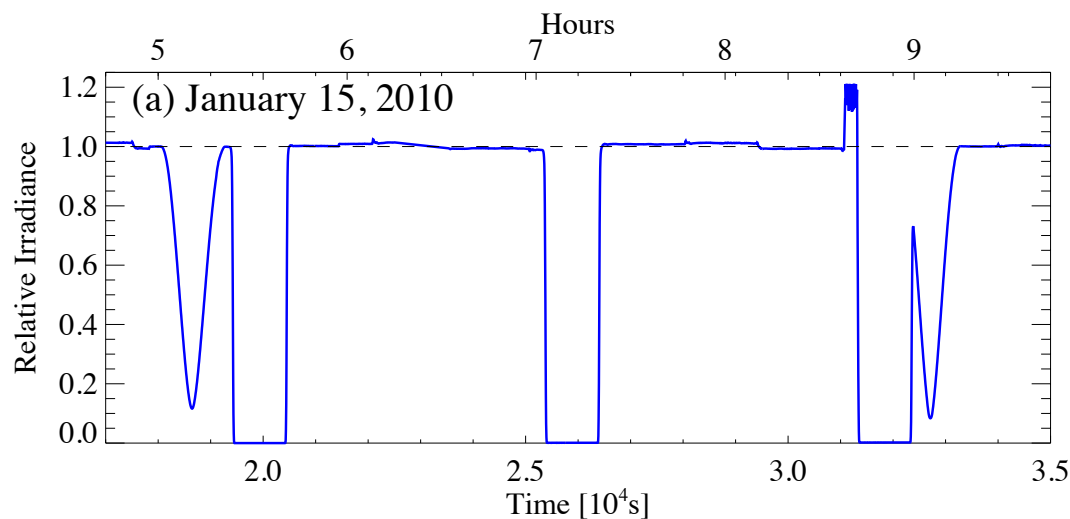


glass of water

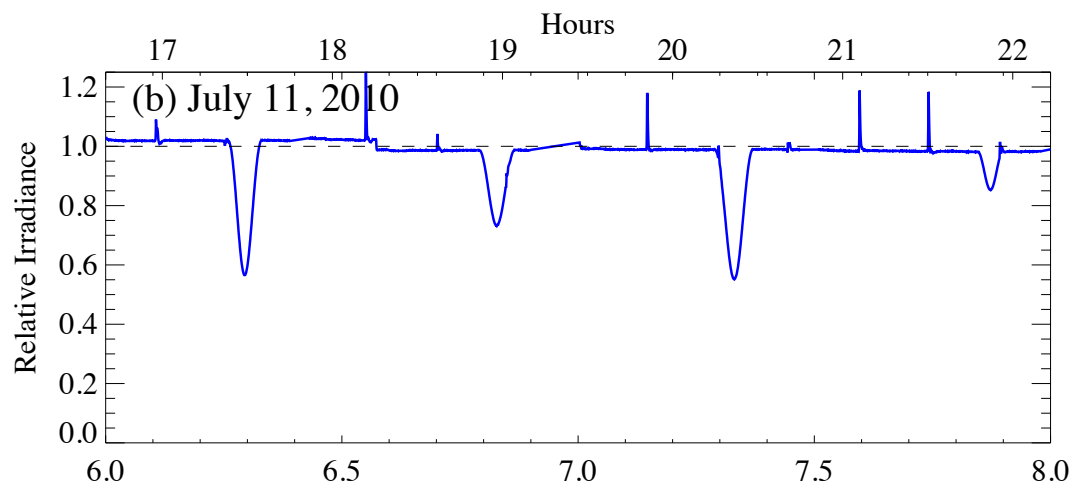
Anna

Rinat

# Eclipses and Occultations observed by LYRA



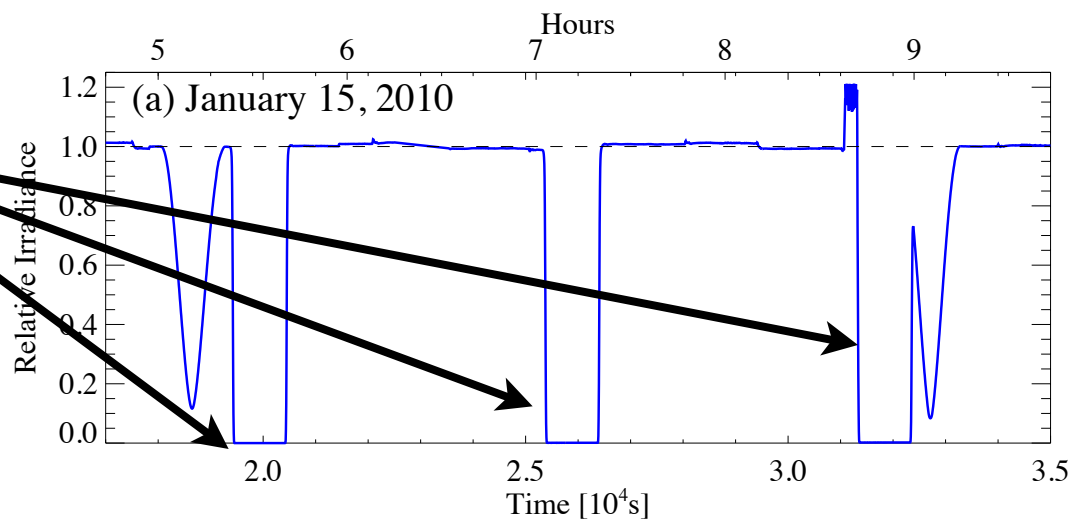
January 15, 2010



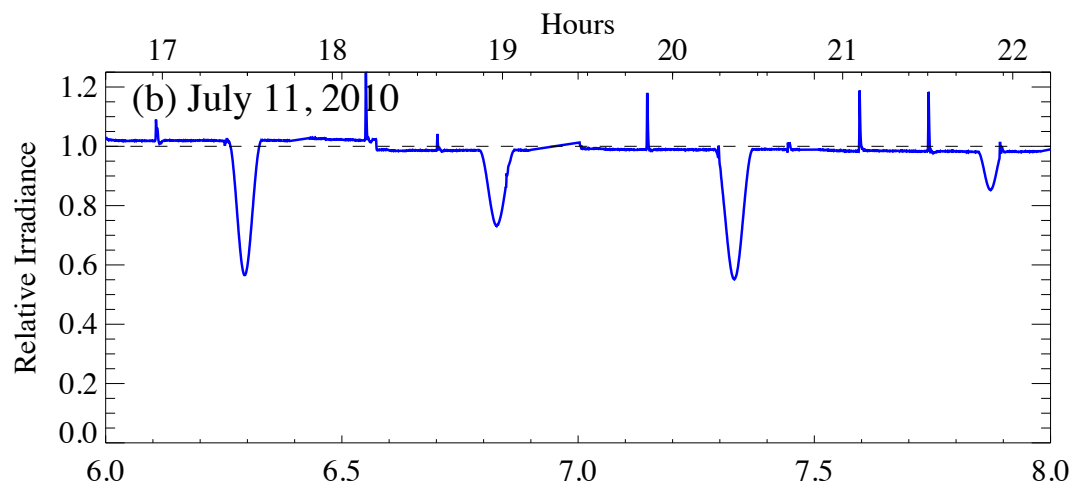
July 11, 2010

# Eclipses and Occultations observed by LYRA

occultations

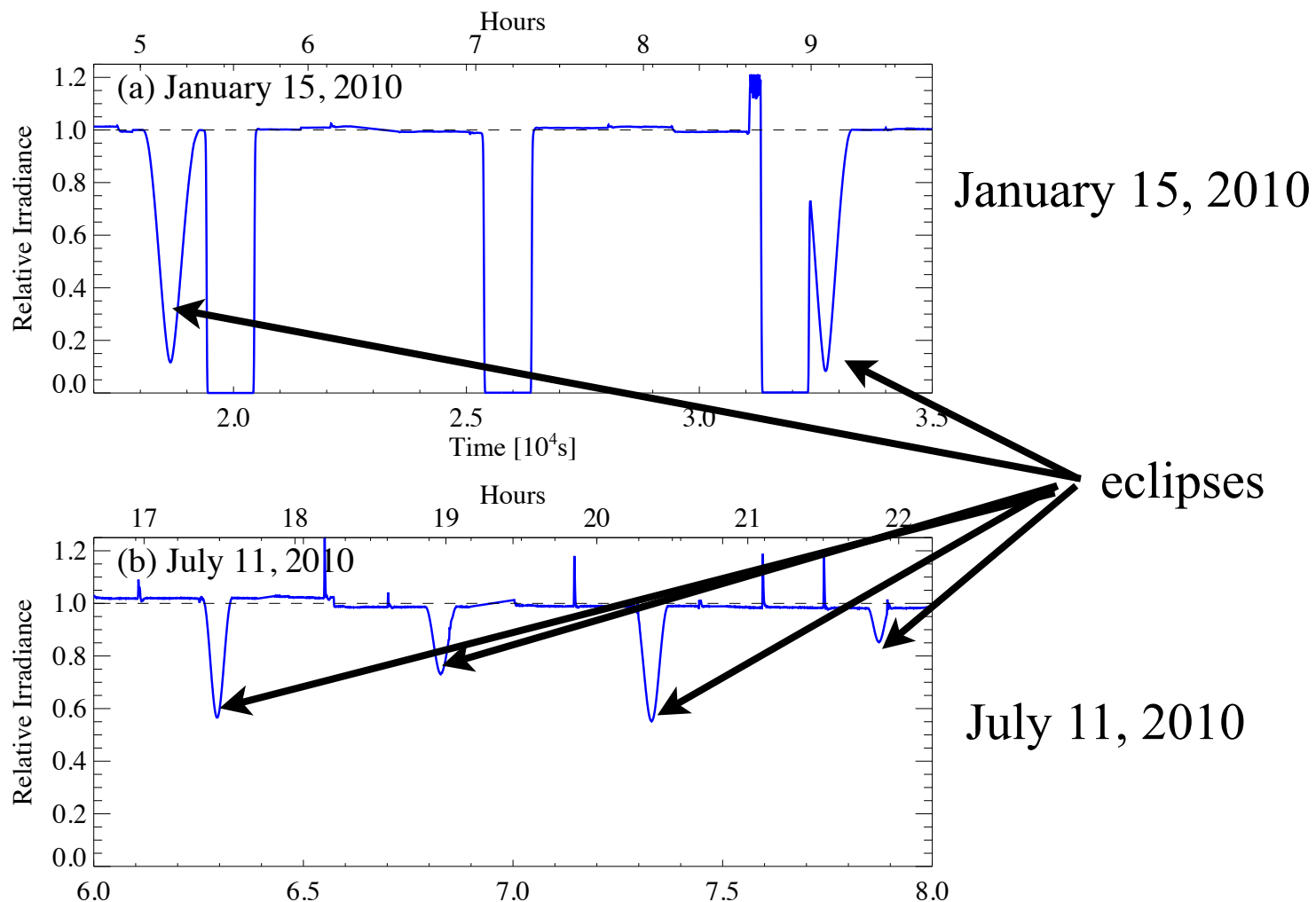


January 15, 2010



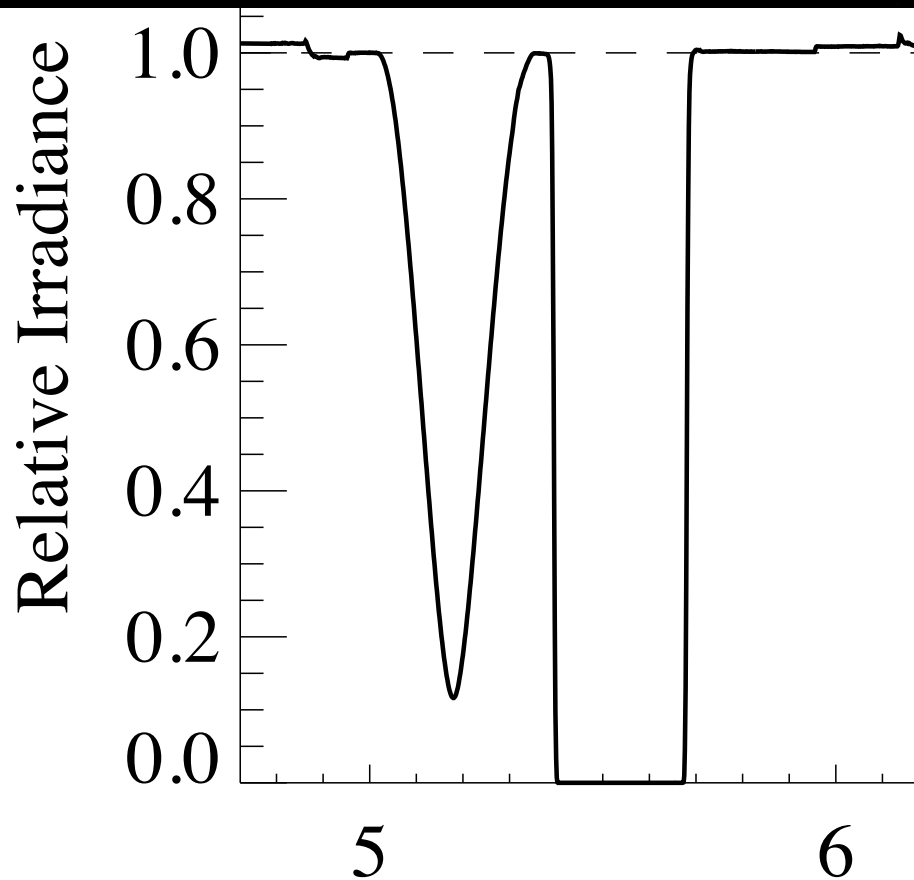
July 11, 2010

# Eclipses and Occultations observed by LYRA

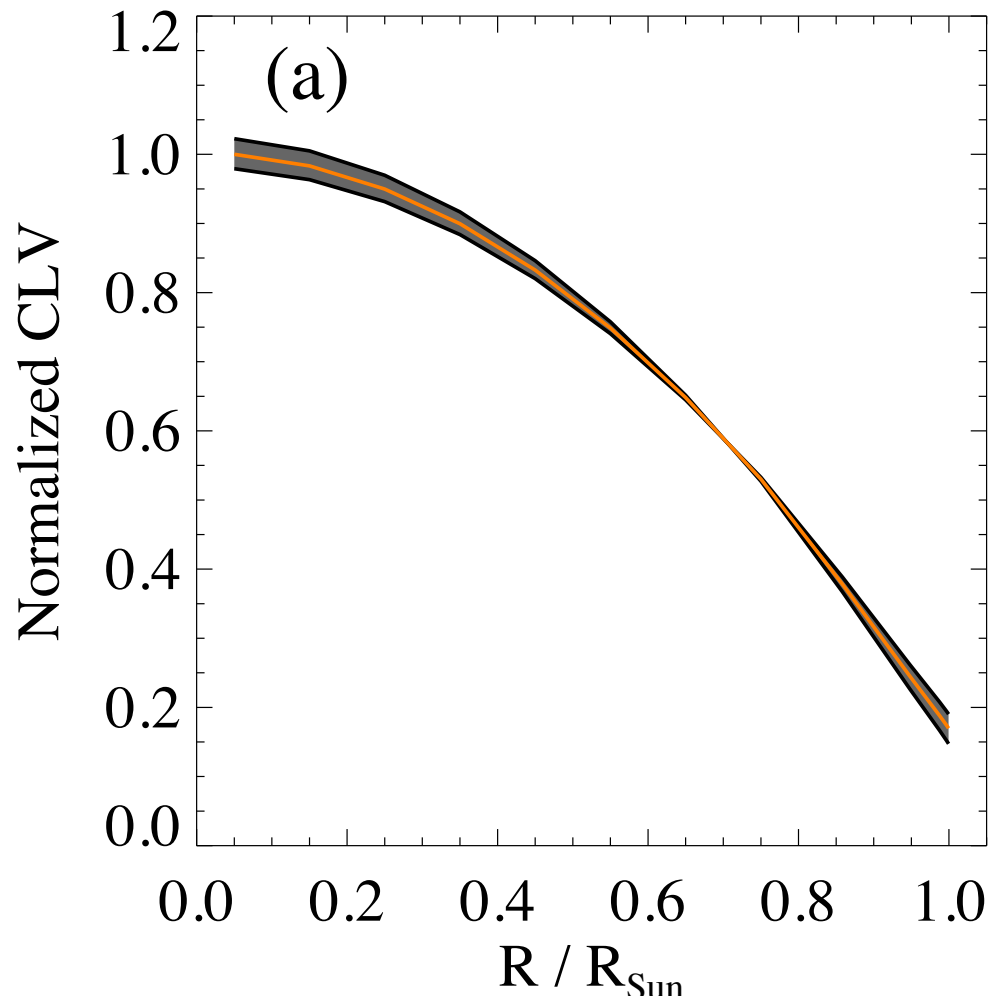




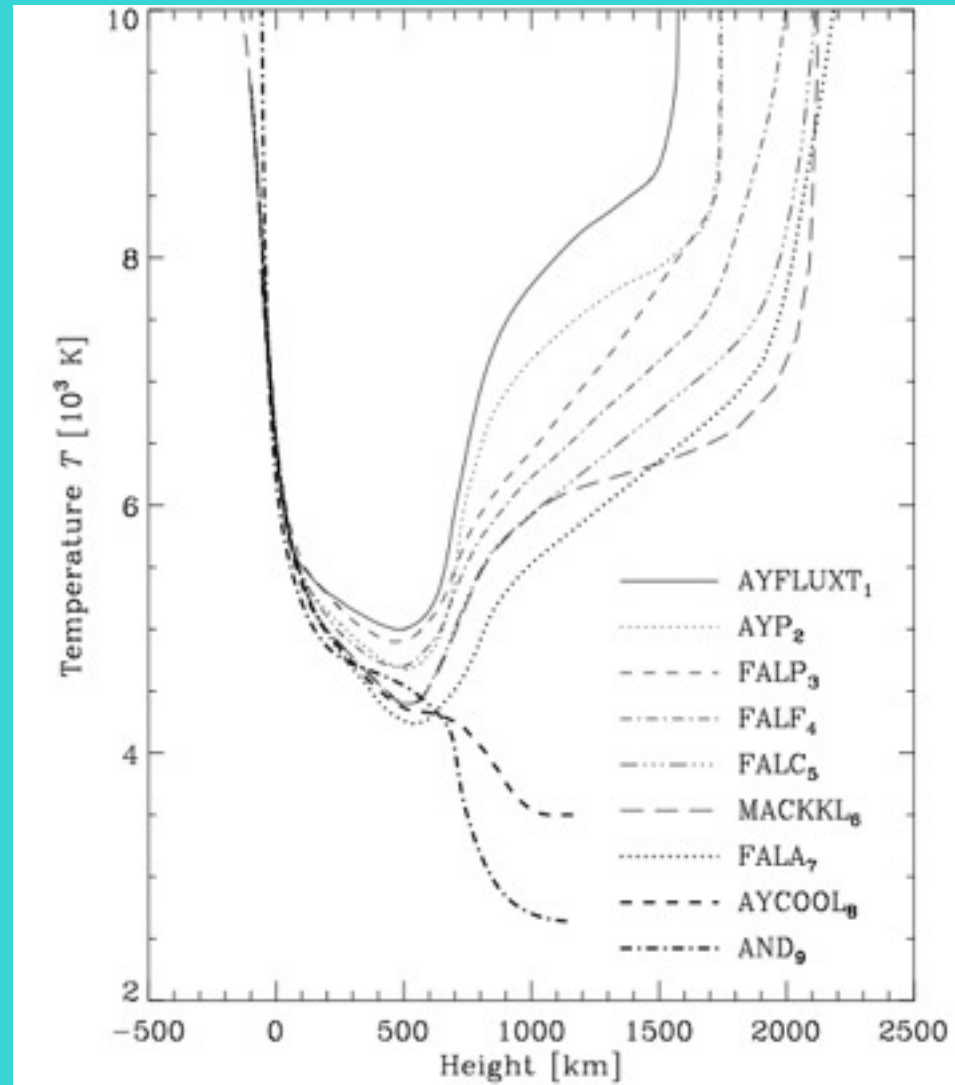
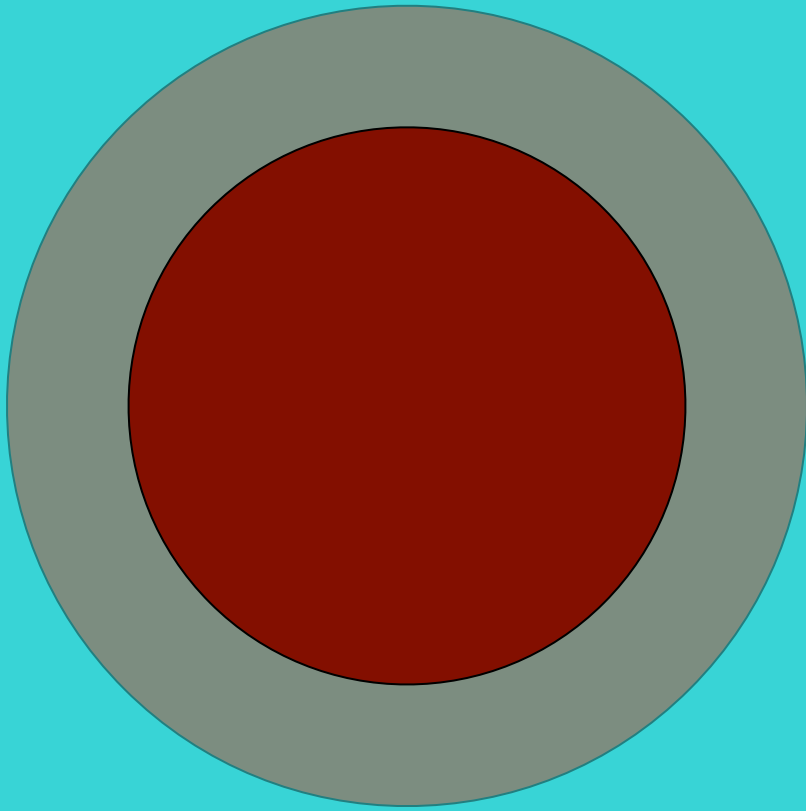
# Extraction of the CLV



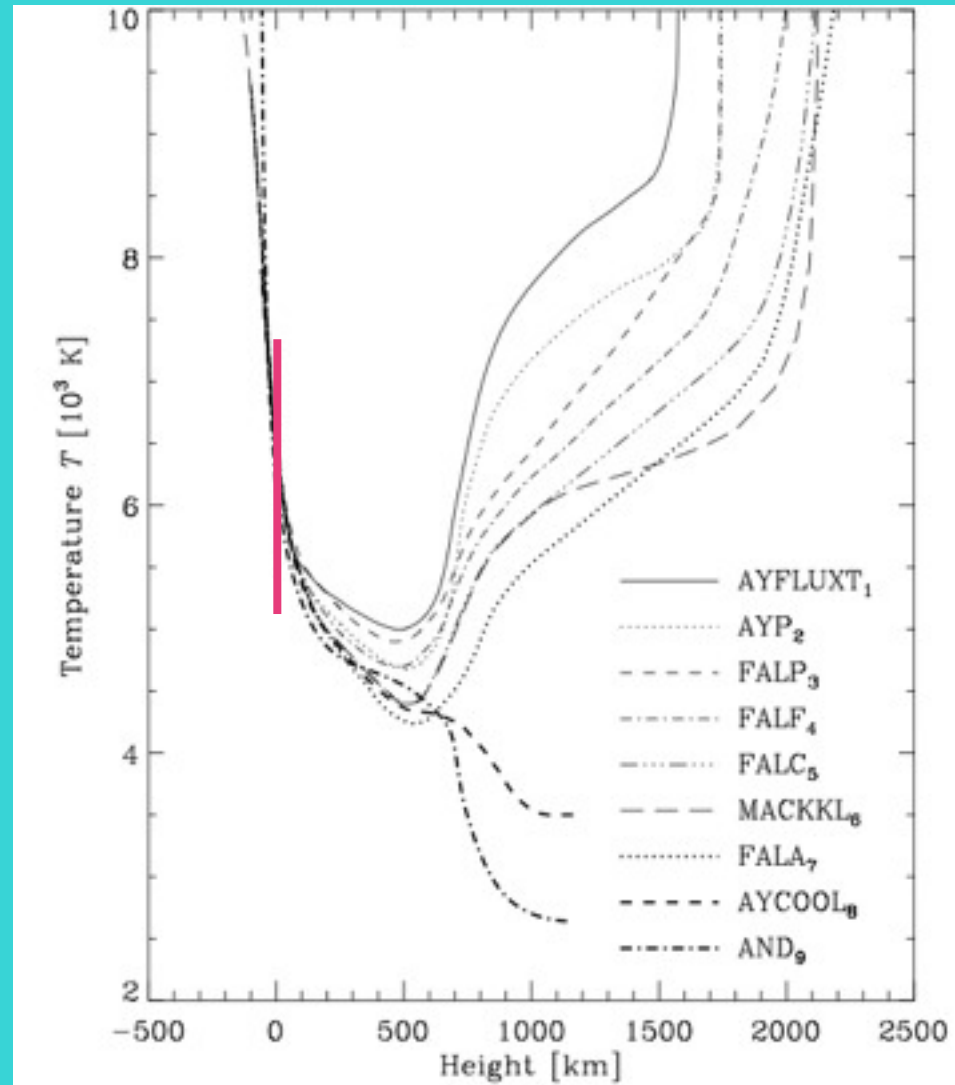
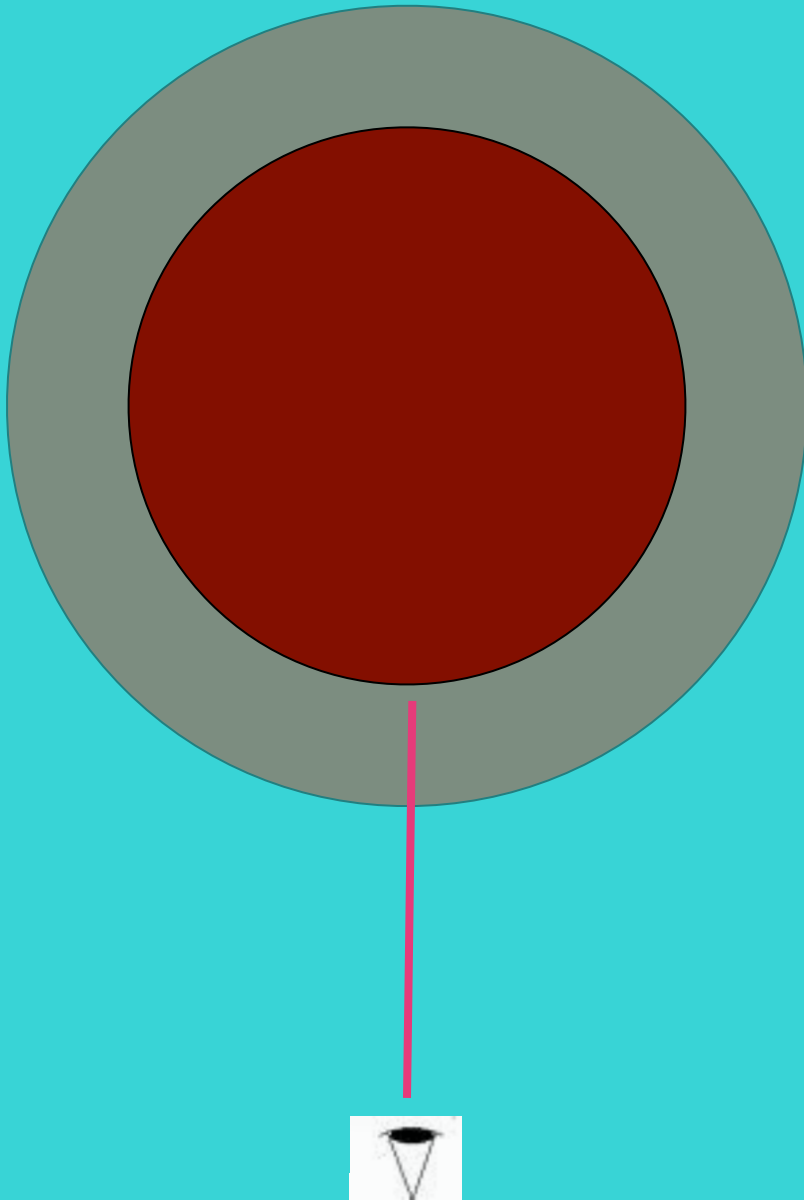
# Center-to-limb variations



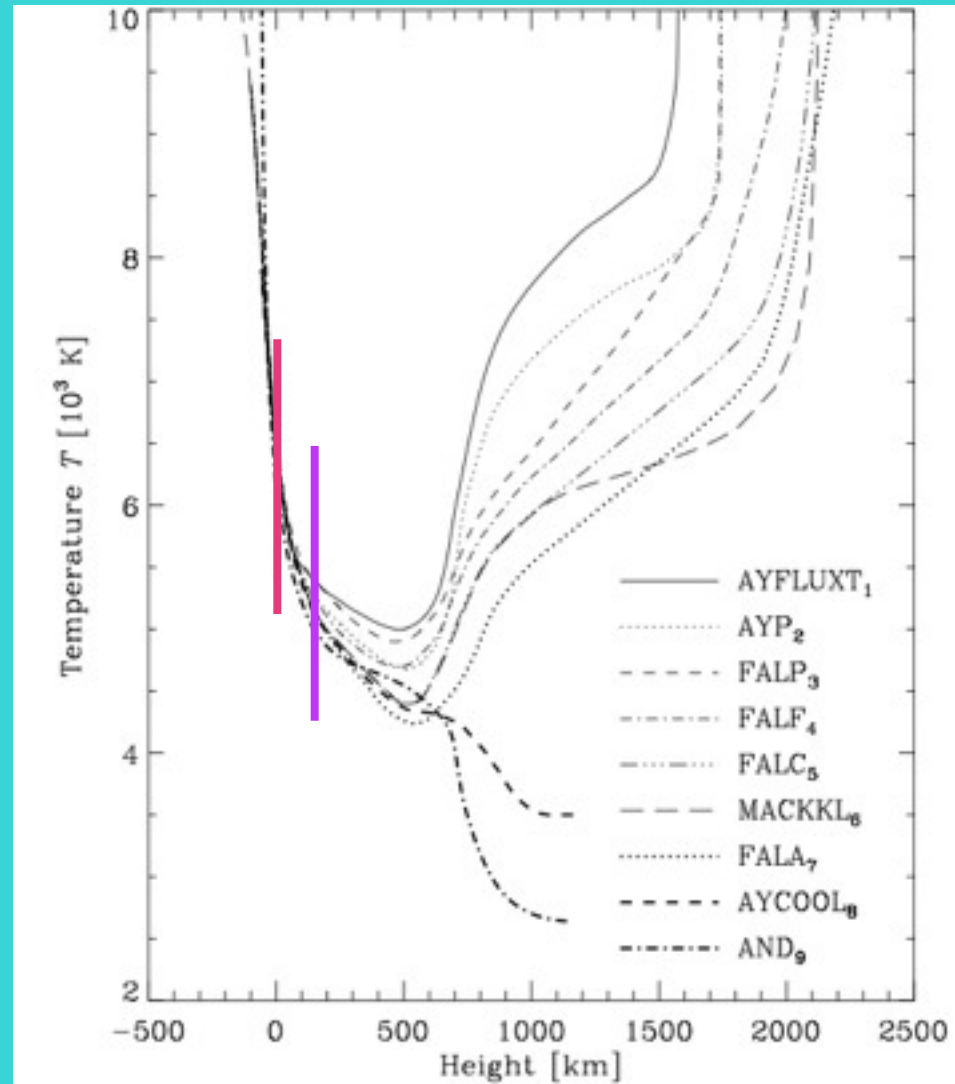
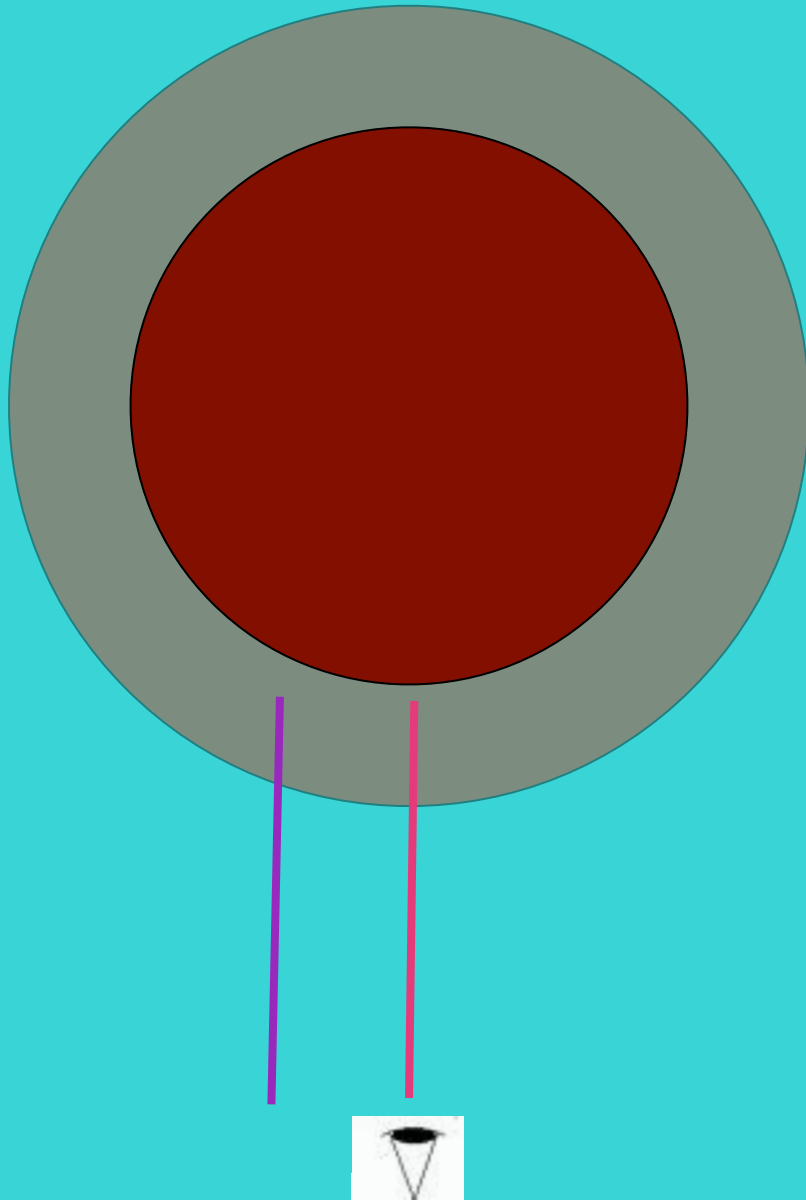
# Center-to-limb variations



# Center-to-limb variations

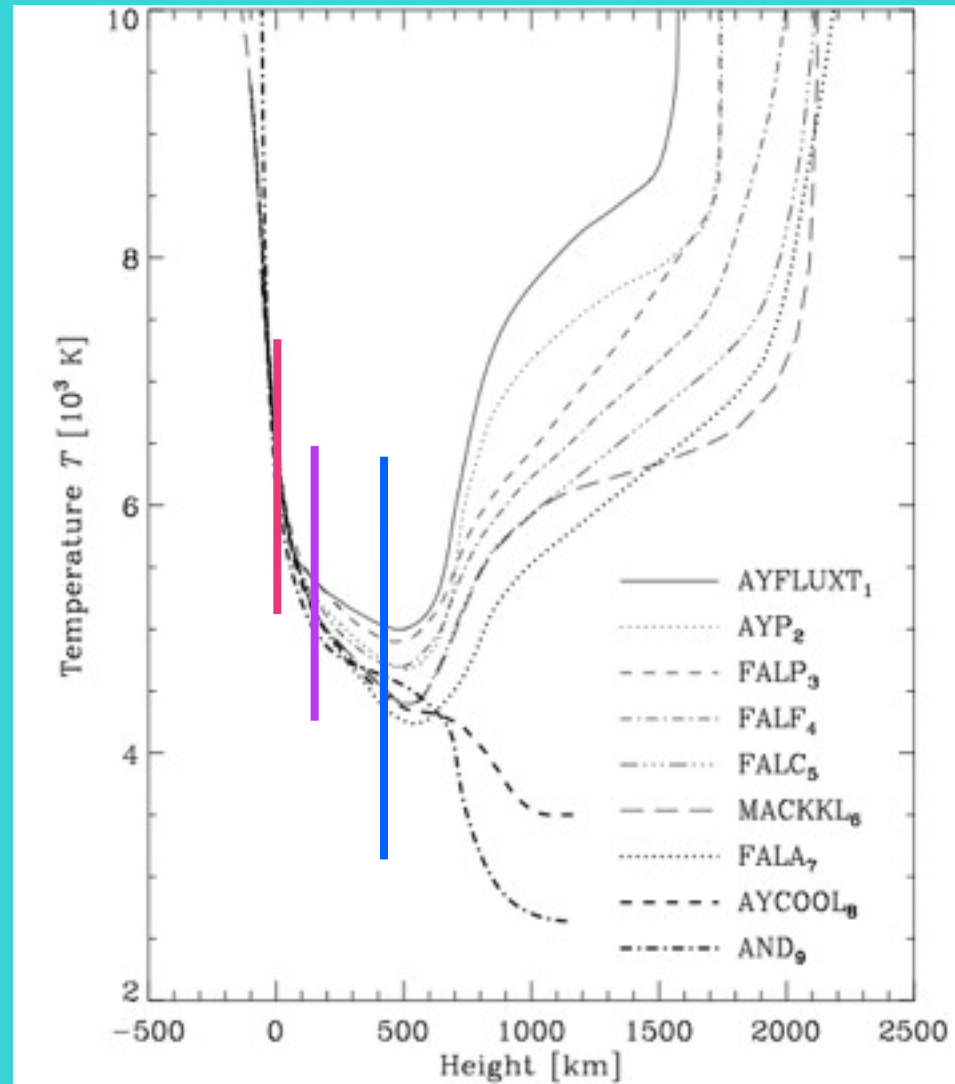
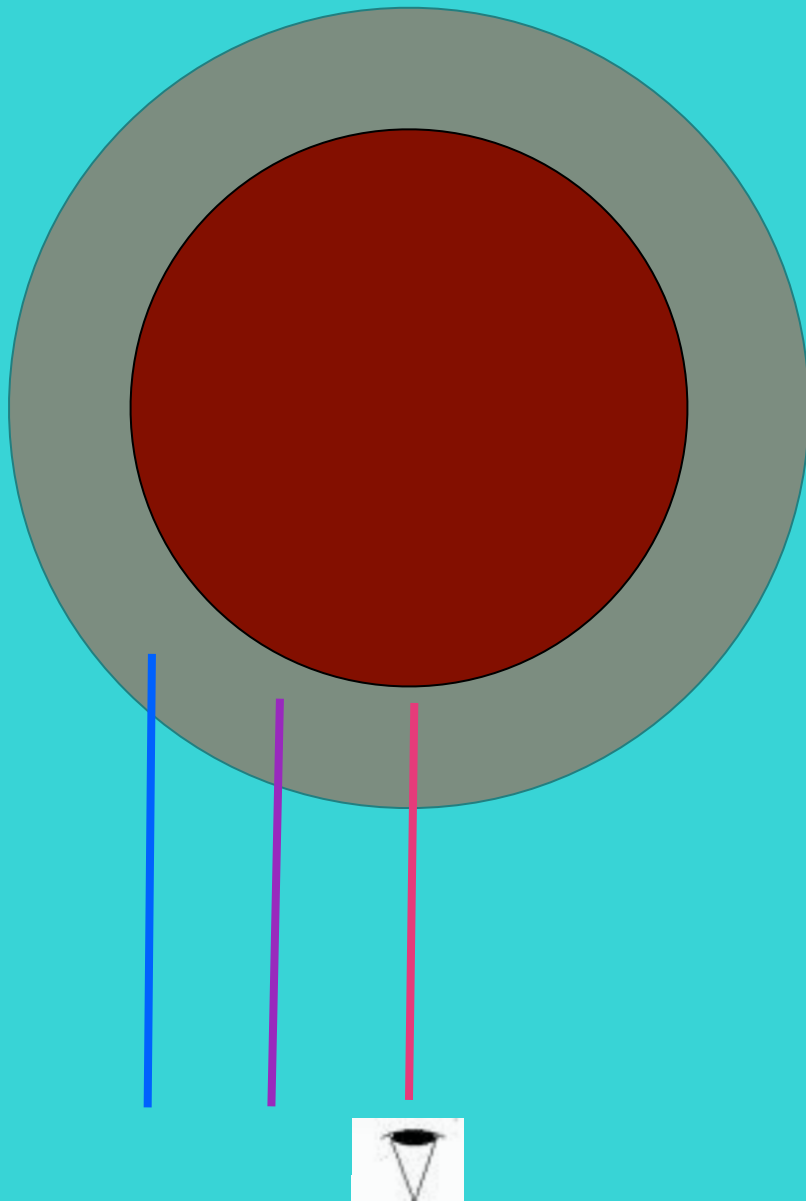


# Center-to-limb variations

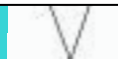
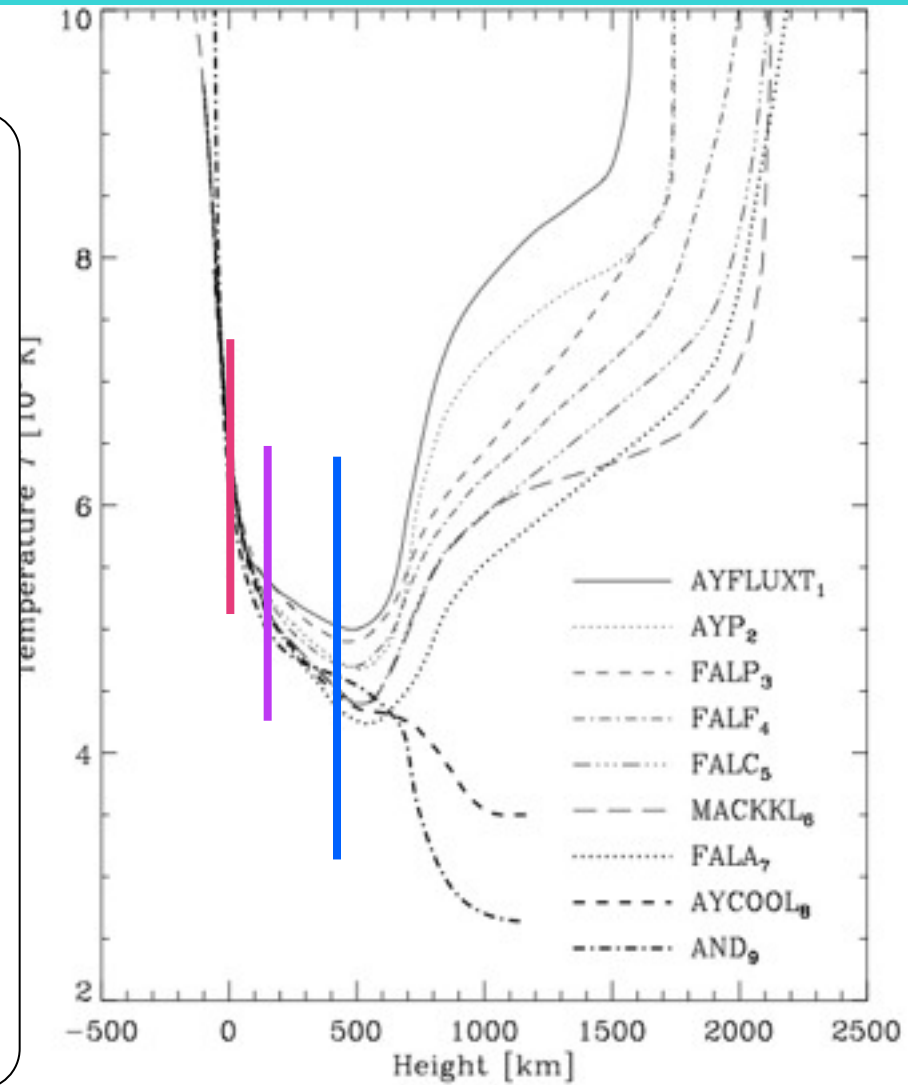
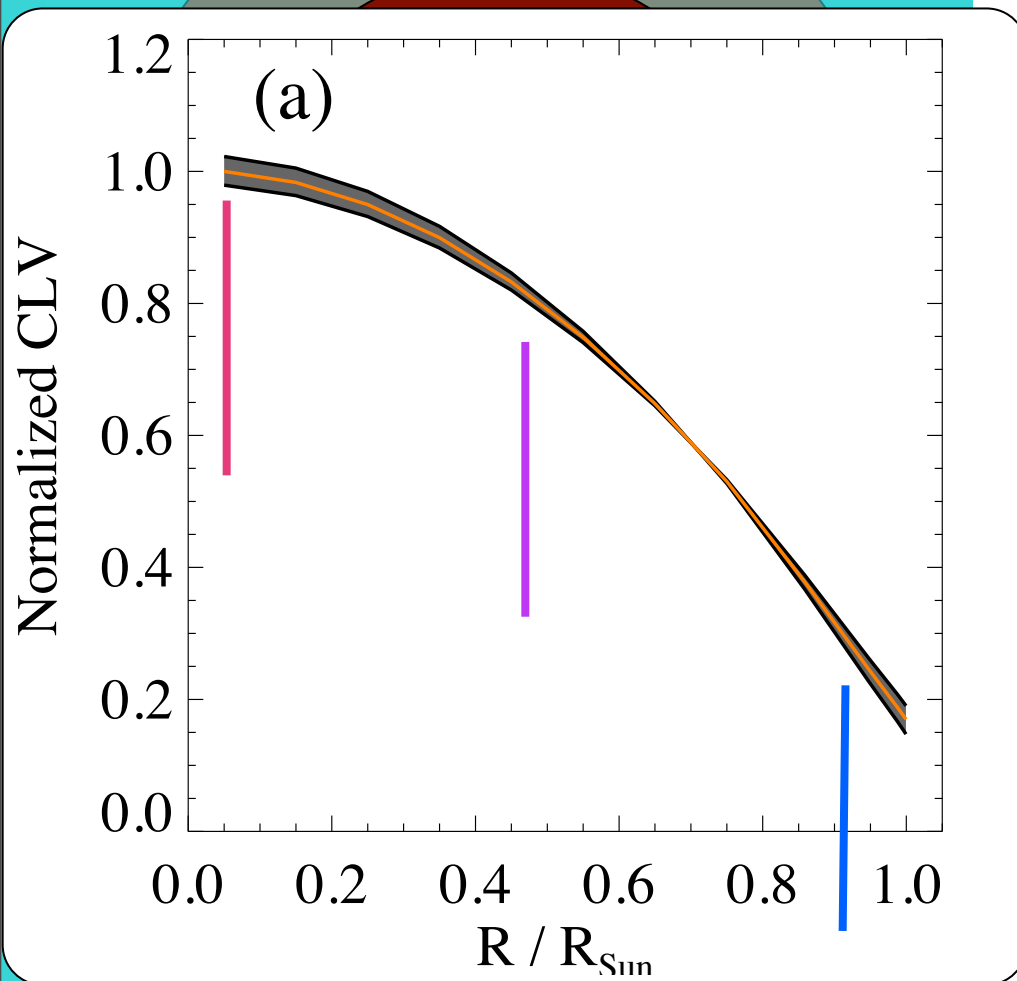




# Center-to-limb variations



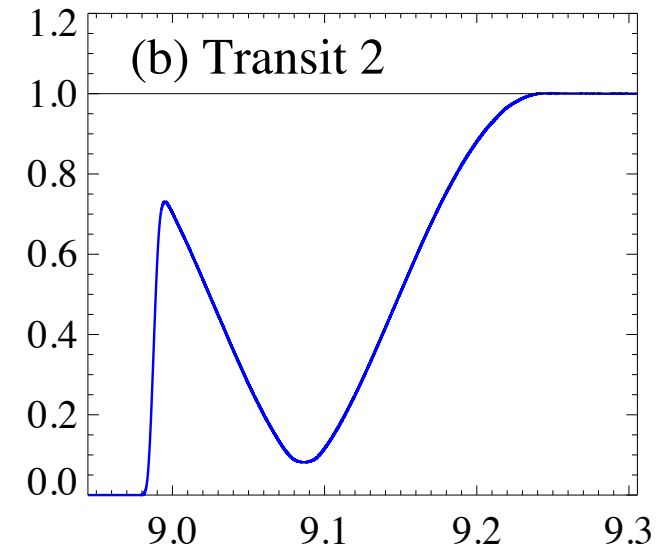
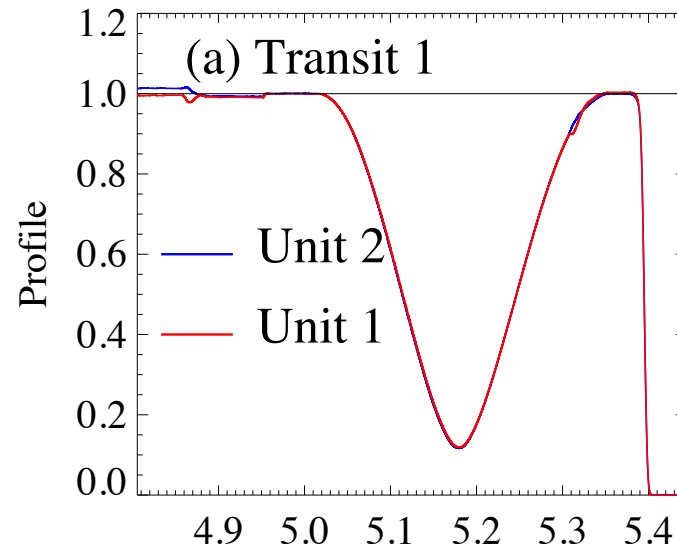
# Center-to-limb variations



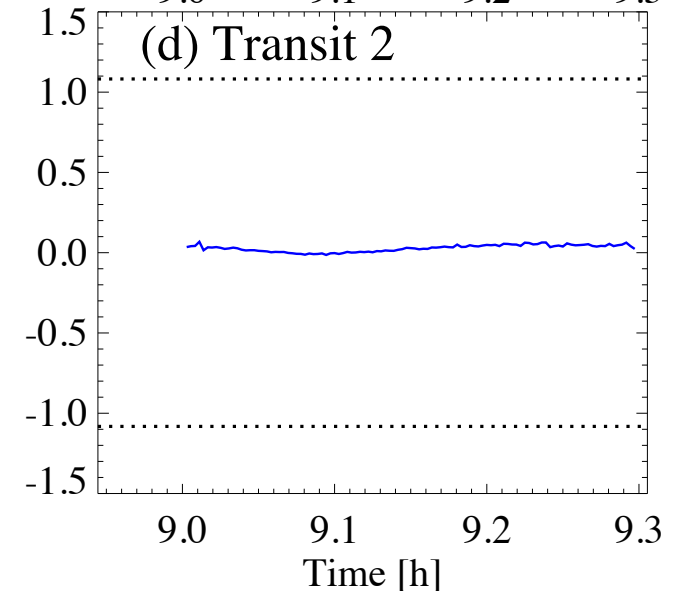
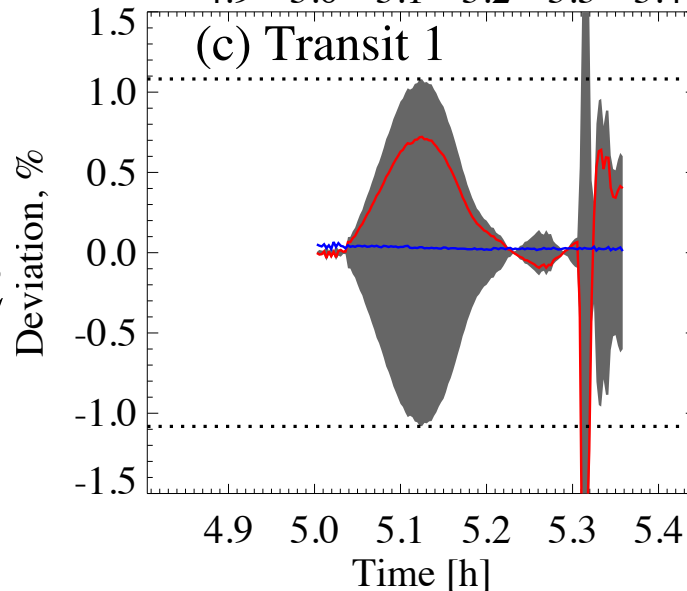
# January 15, 2010 eclipse

## Herzberg channel

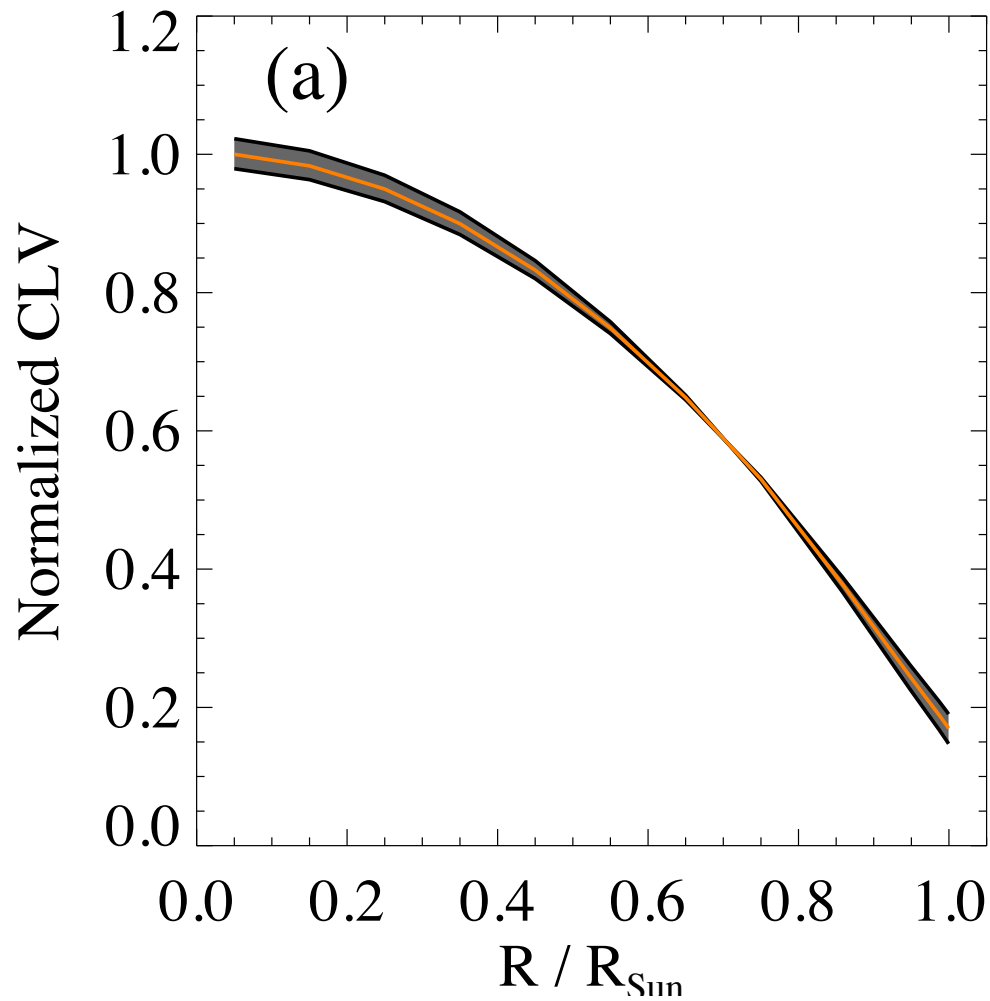
Level 1



Level 1 - Level 2

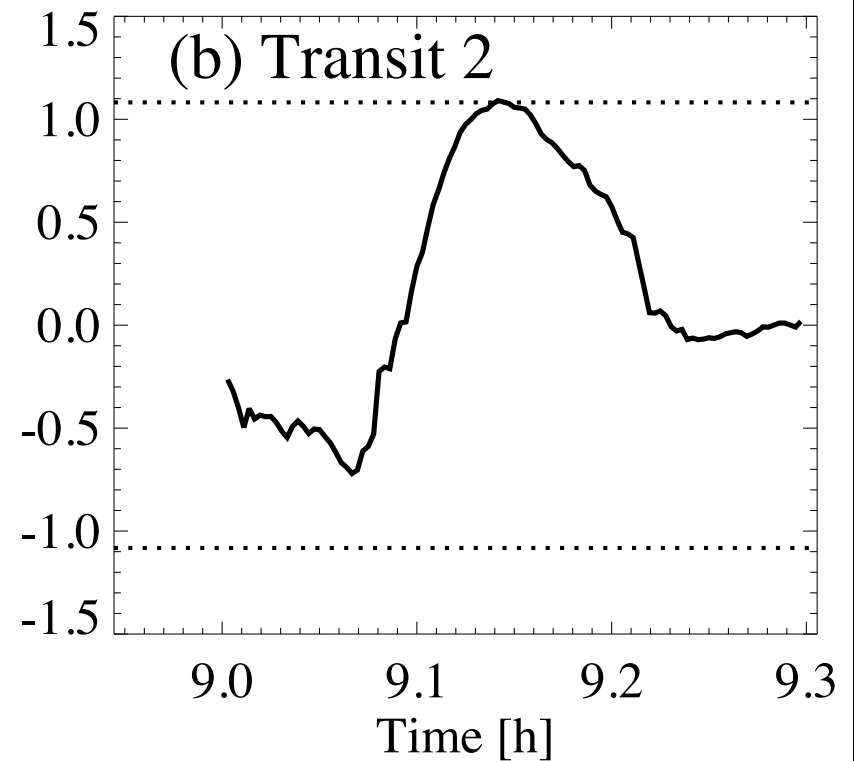
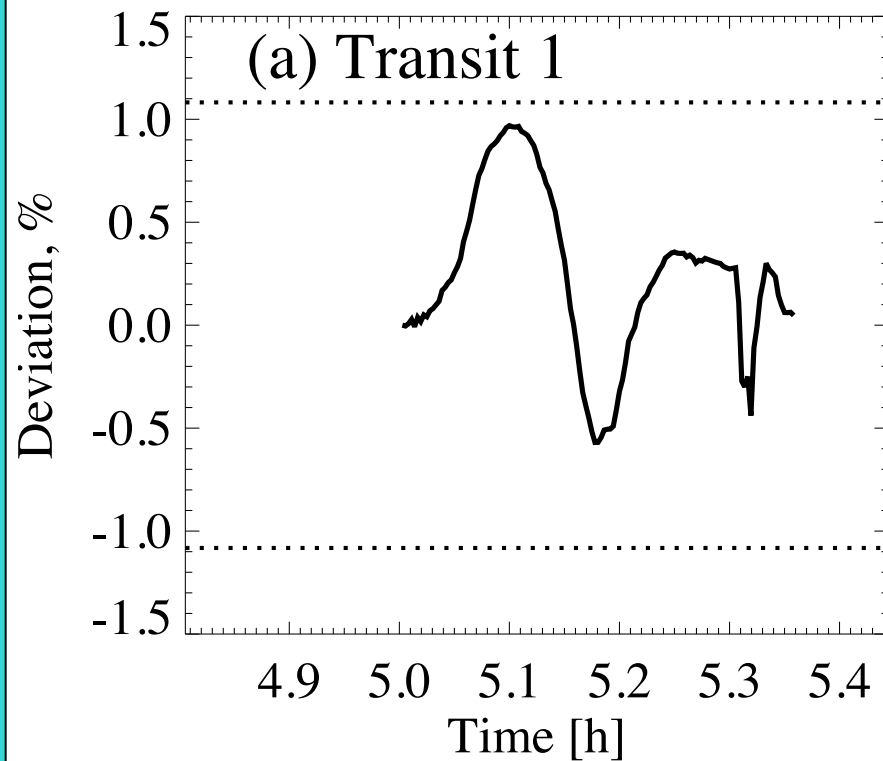


# Empirical center-to-limb variations



# Test of the CLV approximation

## Empirical profiles - Observed profiles





# Code for the Solar Irradiance

**Millions of atomic and molecular transitions**

**Non-local thermodynamic equilibrium**

**Radiative Transfer Codes**

# The COSI code

COde for Solar Irradiance

NLTE Model Atmosphere  
Code

$\sim 10^2$  levels

Spectrum Synthesis  
Program

$\sim 10^7$  lines

# The COSI code

COde for Solar Irradiance

Populations of the NLTE Levels

```
graph LR; A[NLTE Model Atmosphere Code] -- "Populations of the NLTE Levels" --> B[Spectrum Synthesis Program];
```

NLTE Model Atmosphere  
Code

$\sim 10^2$  levels

Spectrum Synthesis  
Program

$\sim 10^7$  lines

# The COSI code

COde for Solar Irradiance

Populations of the NLTE Levels

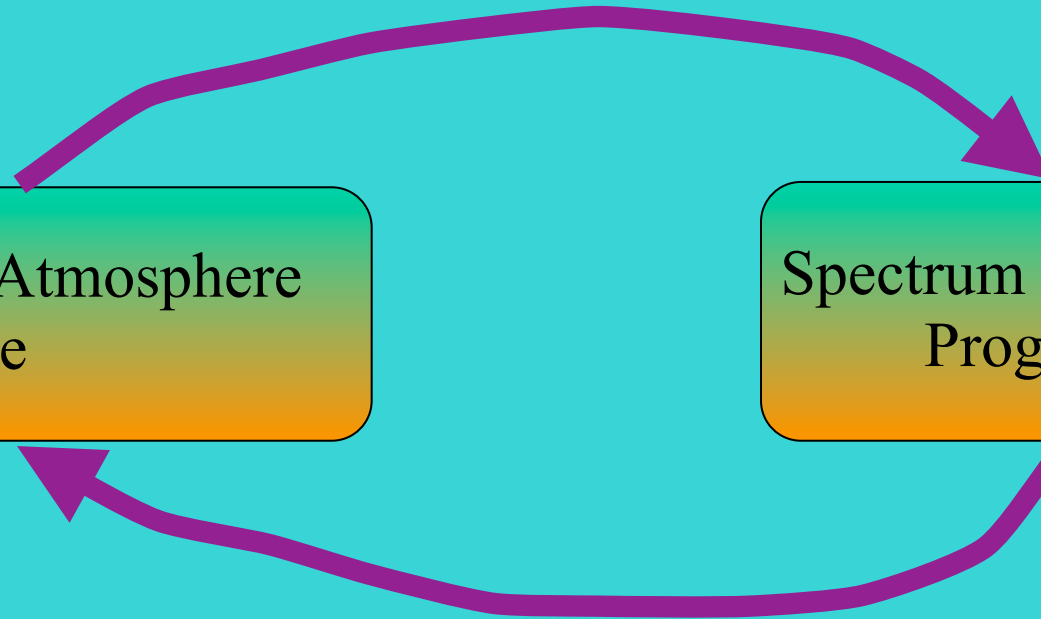
NLTE Model Atmosphere  
Code

$\sim 10^2$  levels

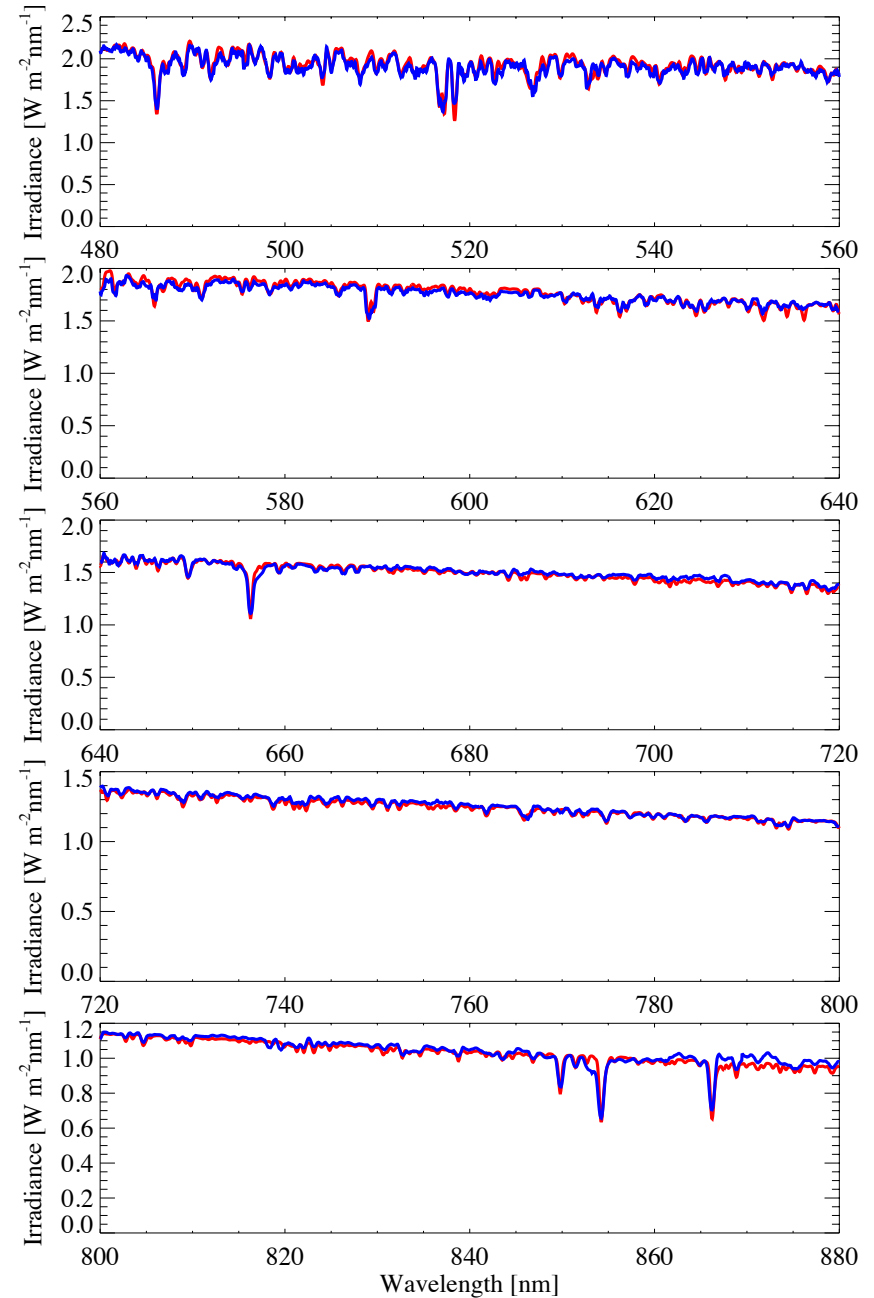
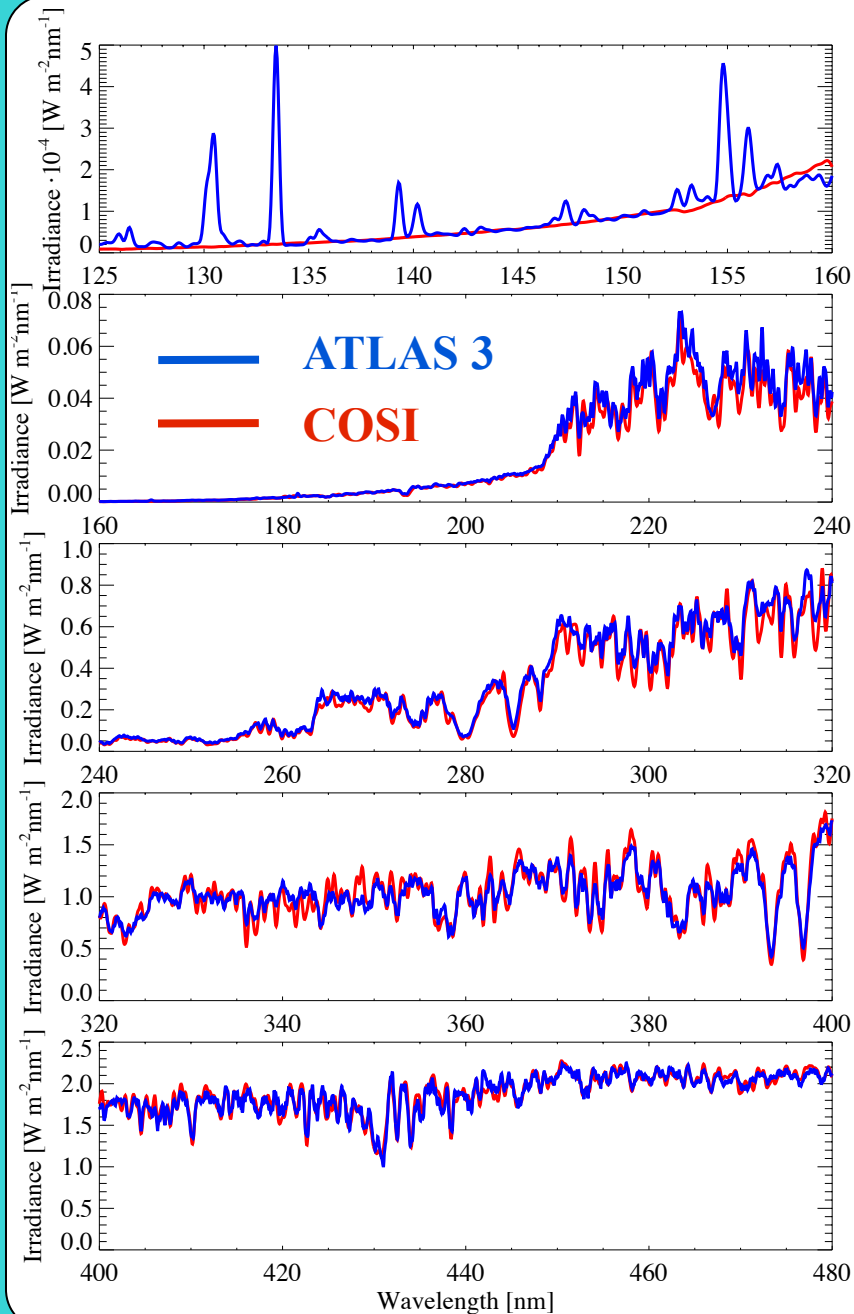
Spectrum Synthesis  
Program

$\sim 10^7$  lines

Opacity Distribution Function



# Comparison with ATLAS 3





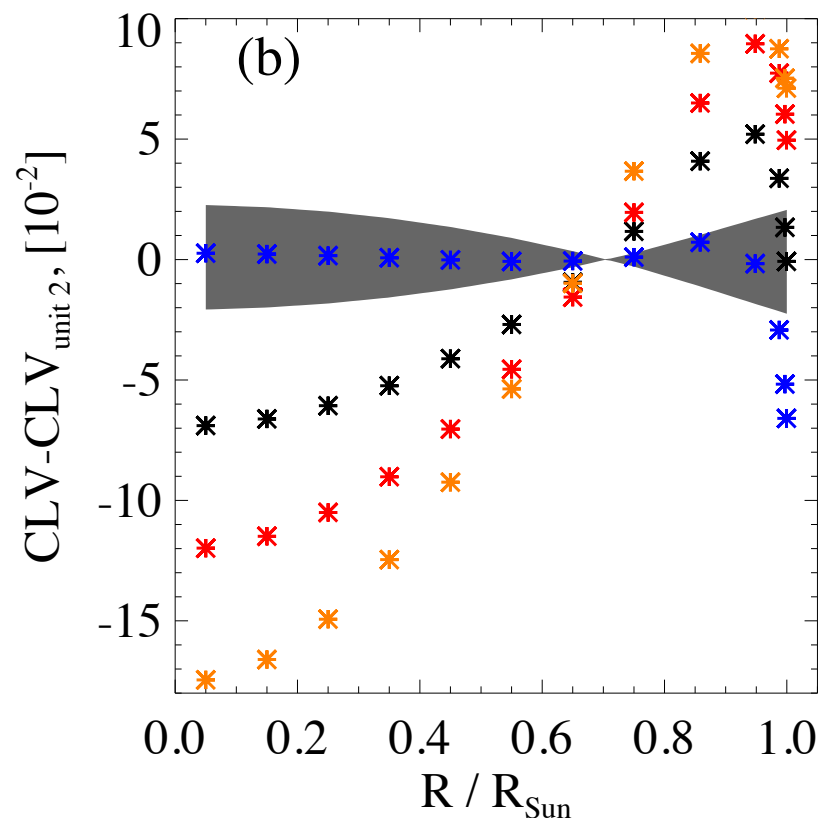
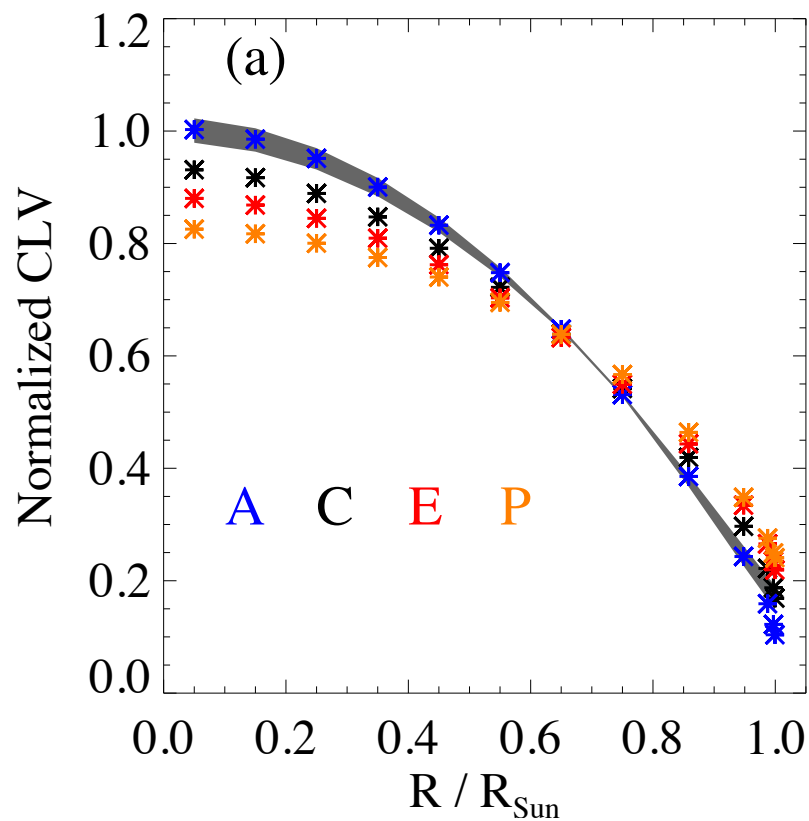
# Test of the temperature structure

**Plage Model P**

**Quiet network  
Model E**

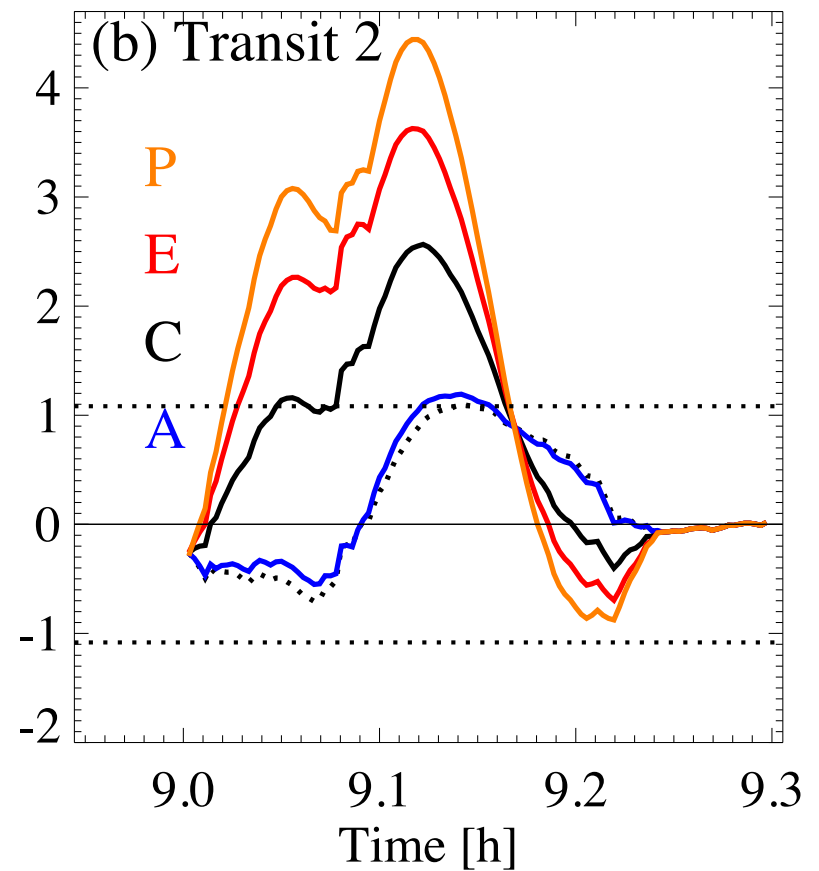
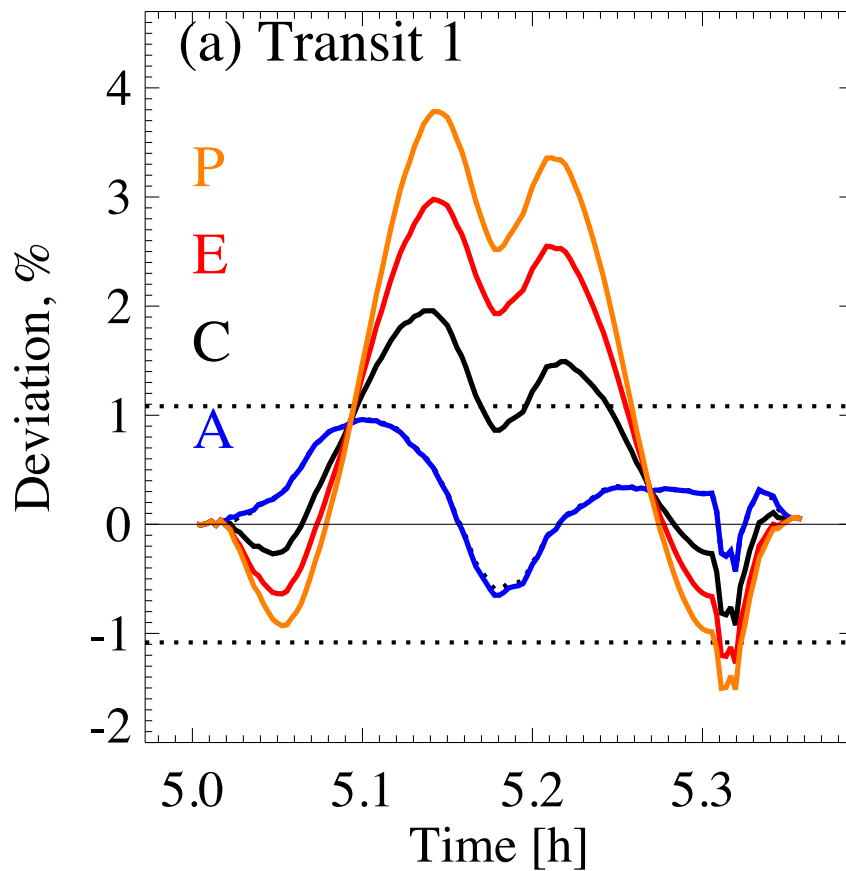
**Average Quiet Sun  
Model C**

**Faint supergranule  
cell interior Model A**



# Test of the temperature structure

Observed - Theoretical, %



# “Dark opacity”

# “Dark opacity”

99% of molecular and atomic lines are  
predicted only theoretically

# “Dark opacity”

99% of molecular and atomic lines are  
predicted only theoretically

Missing opacity

# “Dark opacity”

99% of molecular and atomic lines are  
predicted only theoretically

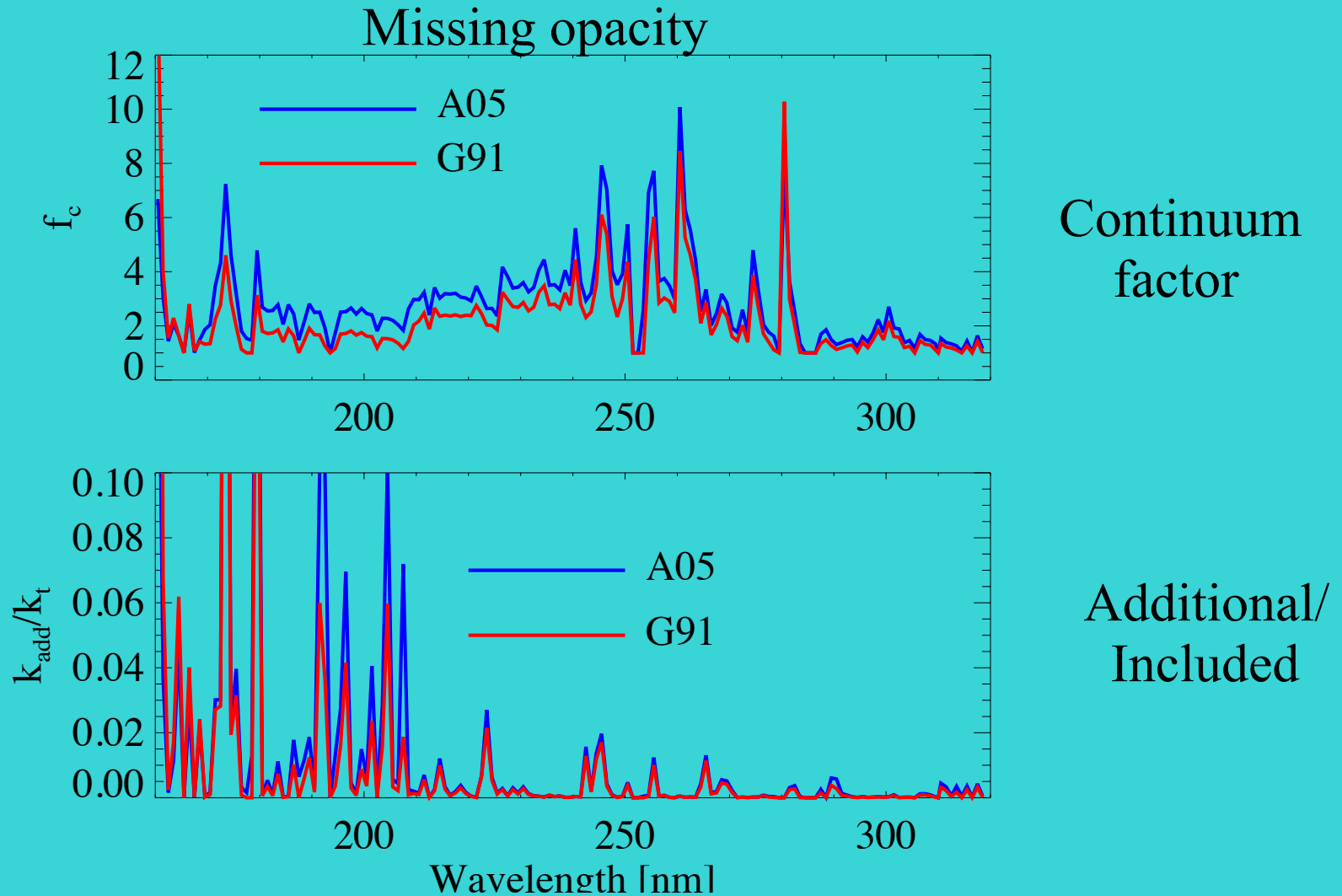
Missing opacity

Busa et al. 1999

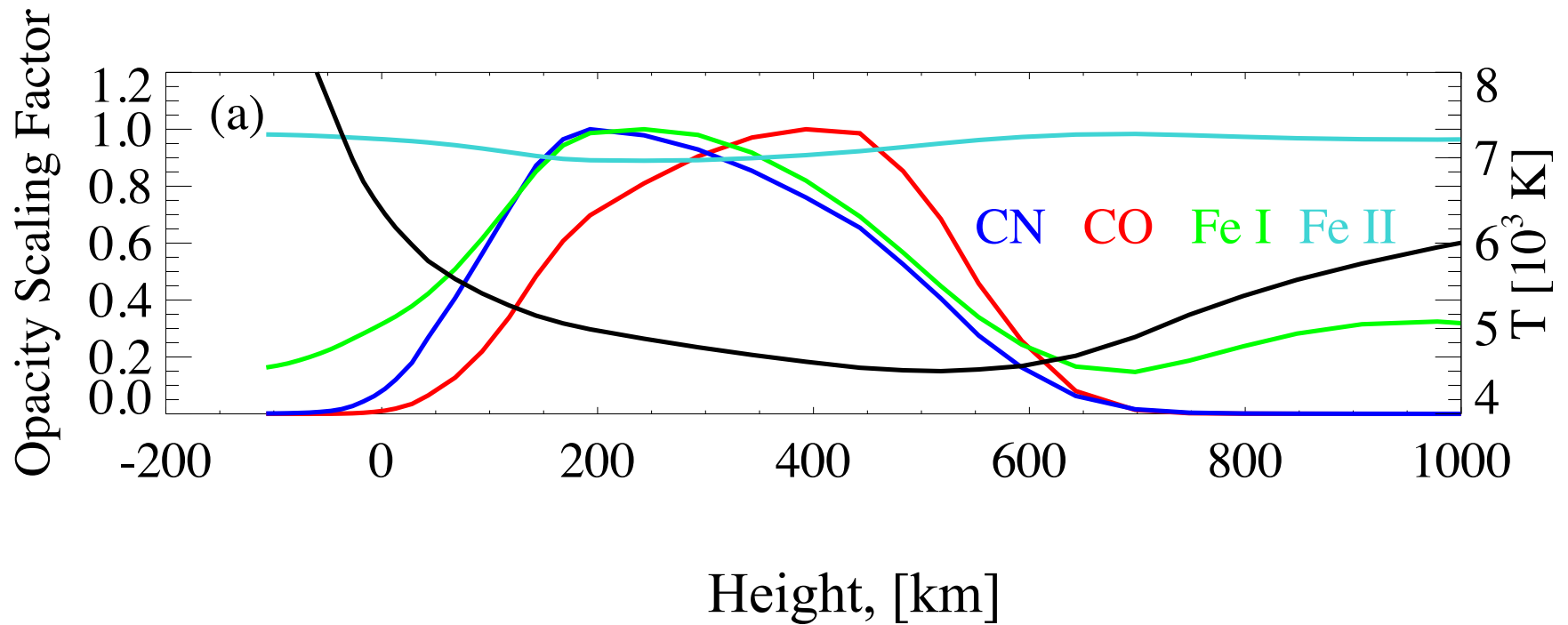
Short & Hauschildt 2009

# “Dark opacity”

99% of molecular and atomic lines are predicted only theoretically



# Missing opacity



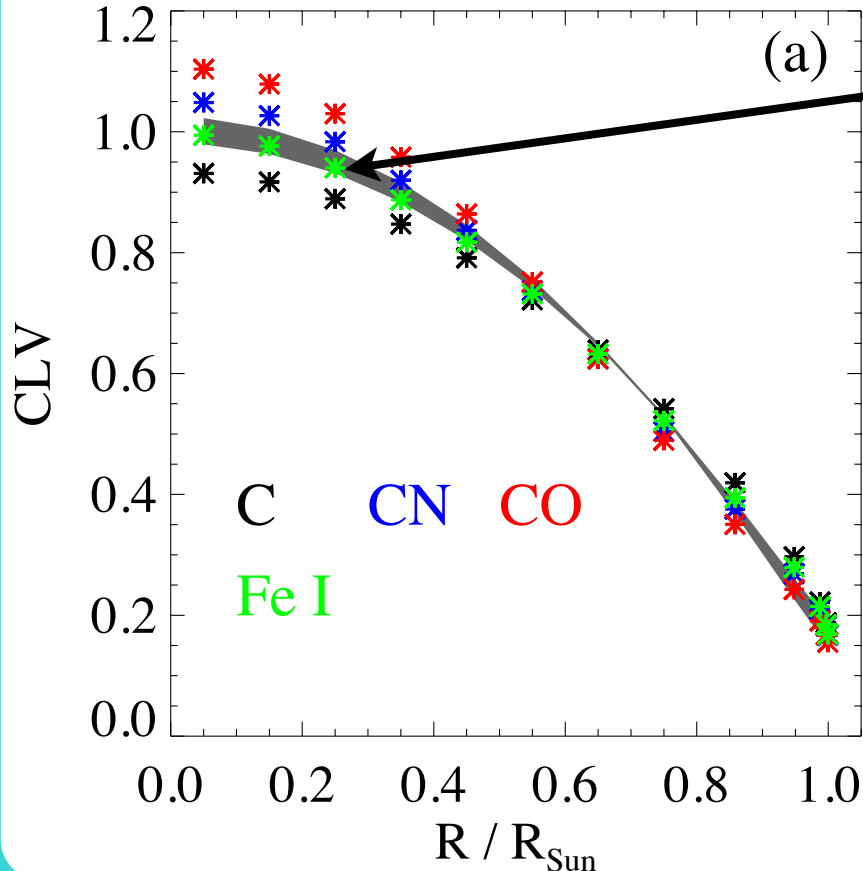


# Different sources of the additional opacity

99% of molecular and atomic lines are predicted only theoretically

This leads to the underestimation of the UV opacity

Analysis of the CLV can hint at the source of the missing opacity



Empirical CLV determined from the eclipse analysis

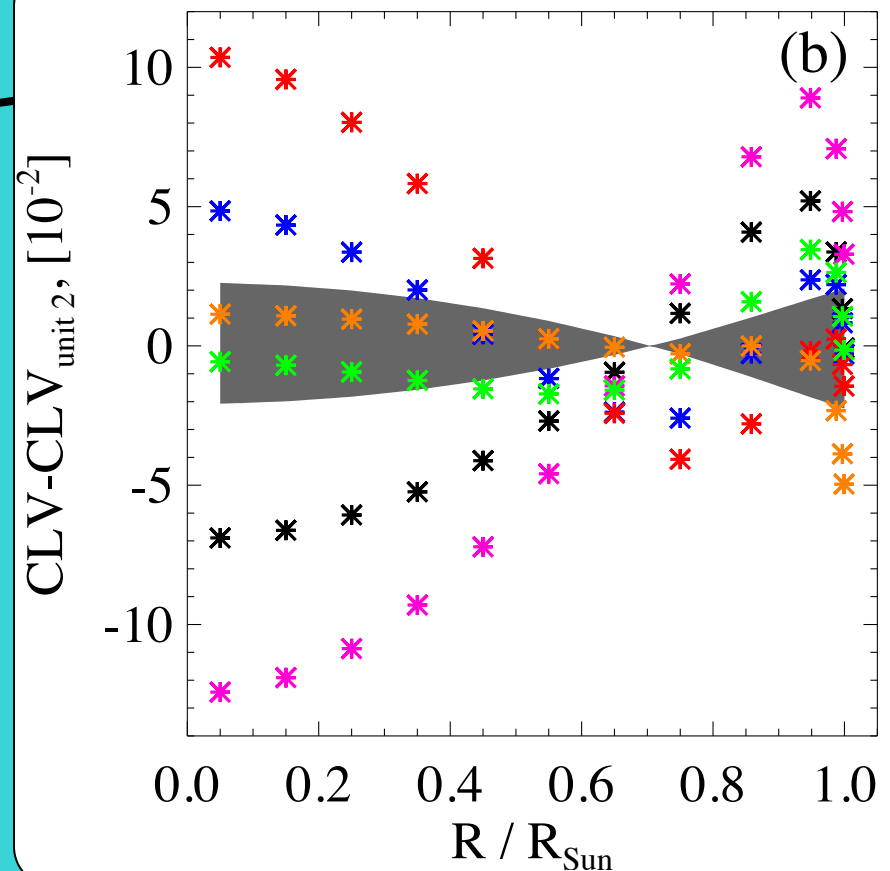
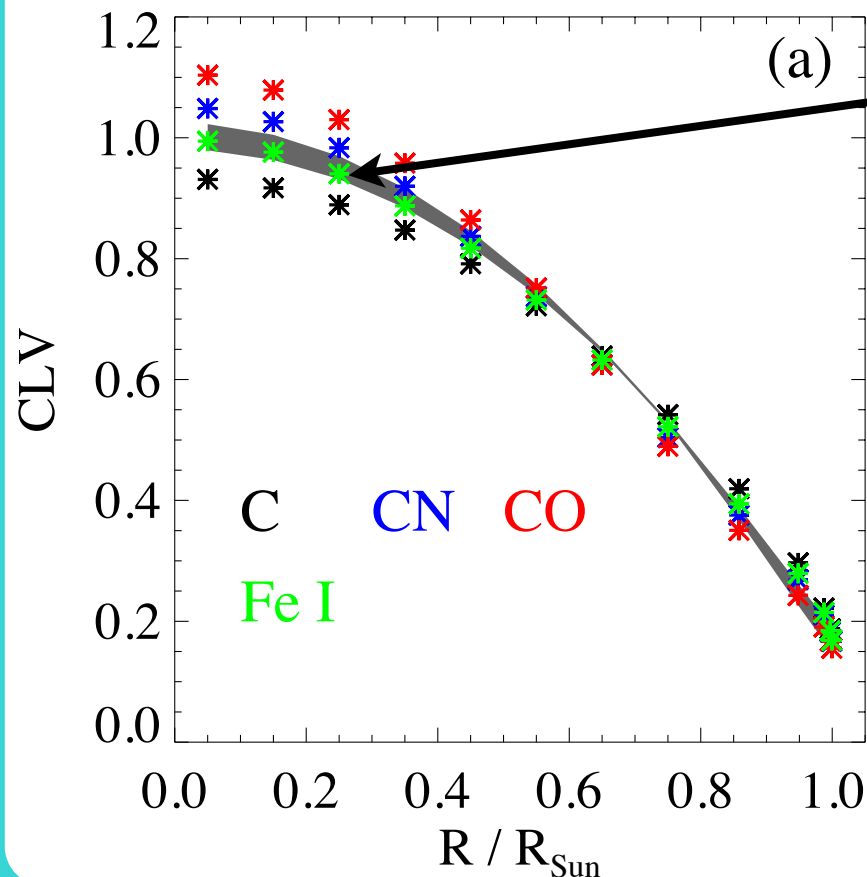
‘C’ means no preferable source

# Different sources of the additional opacity

99% of molecular and atomic lines are predicted only theoretically

This leads to the underestimation of the UV opacity

Analysis of the CLV can hint at the source of the missing opacity

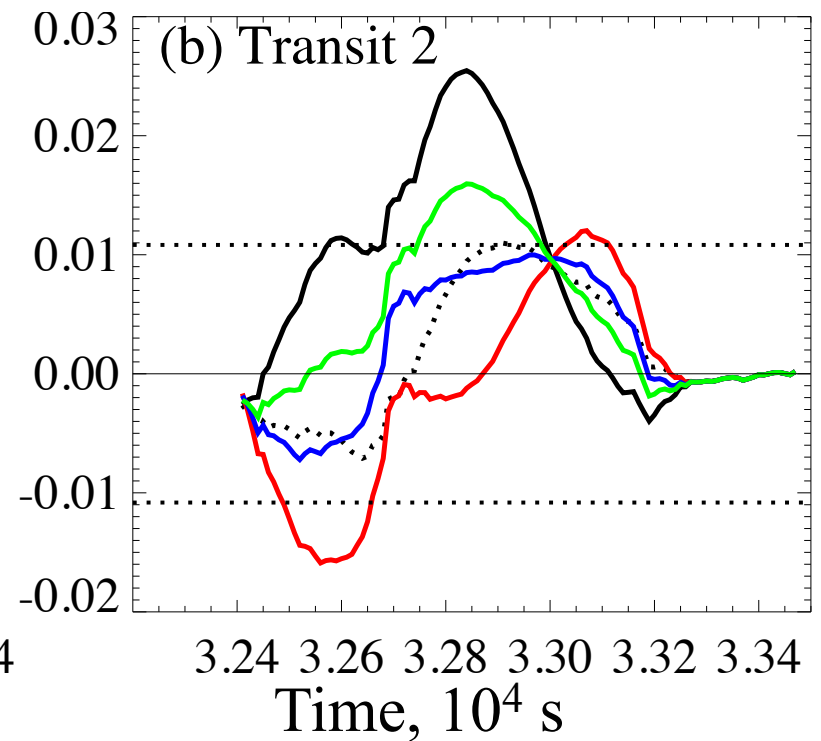
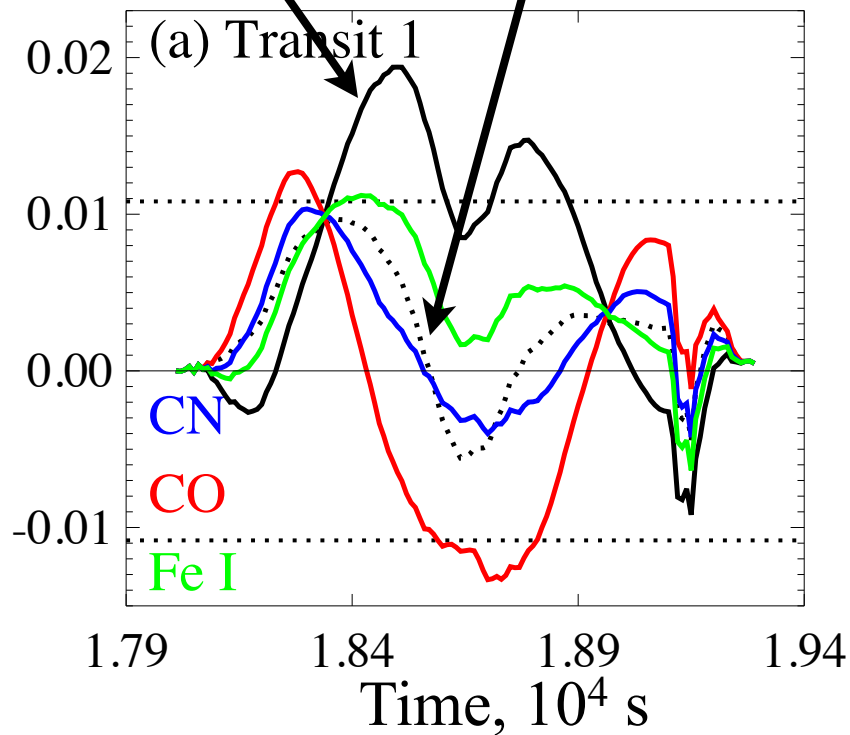


# Results II. Profiles

no preferable  
source of the  
missing opacity

best empirical  
profile with  
monotonic CLV

Theory - Measurements



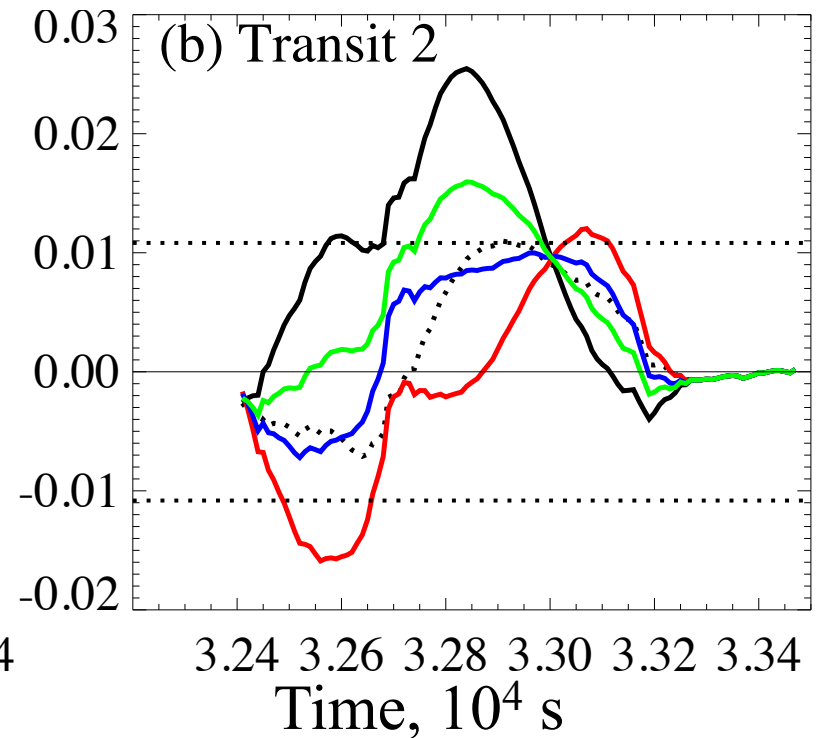
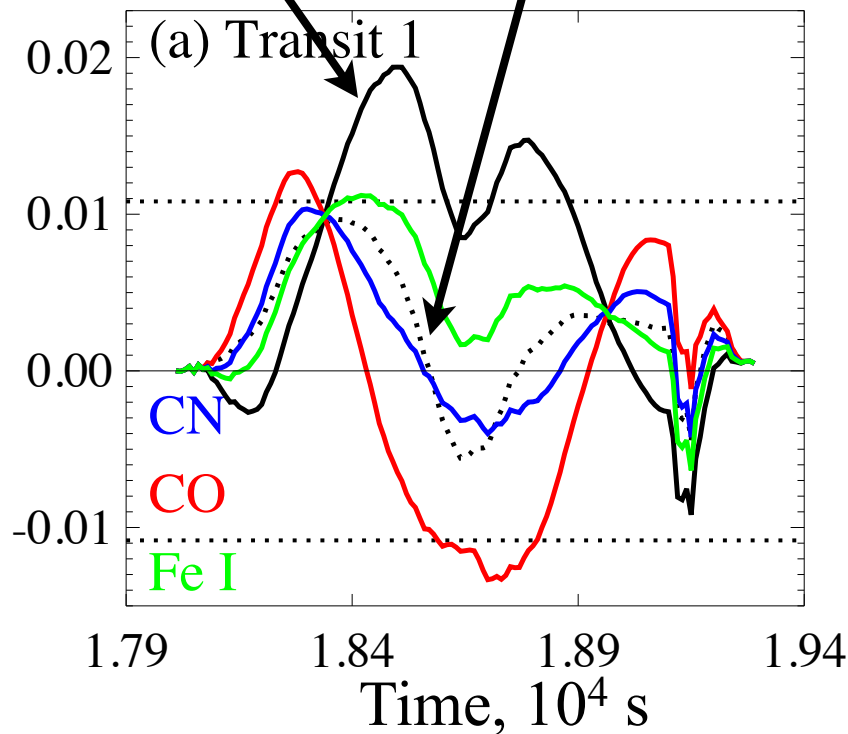
## Results II. Profiles

no preferable  
source of the  
missing opacity

best empirical  
profile with  
monotonic CLV

the agreement between  
theoretical and measured  
profiles is in order of 1%

Theory - Measurements



## Results II. Profiles

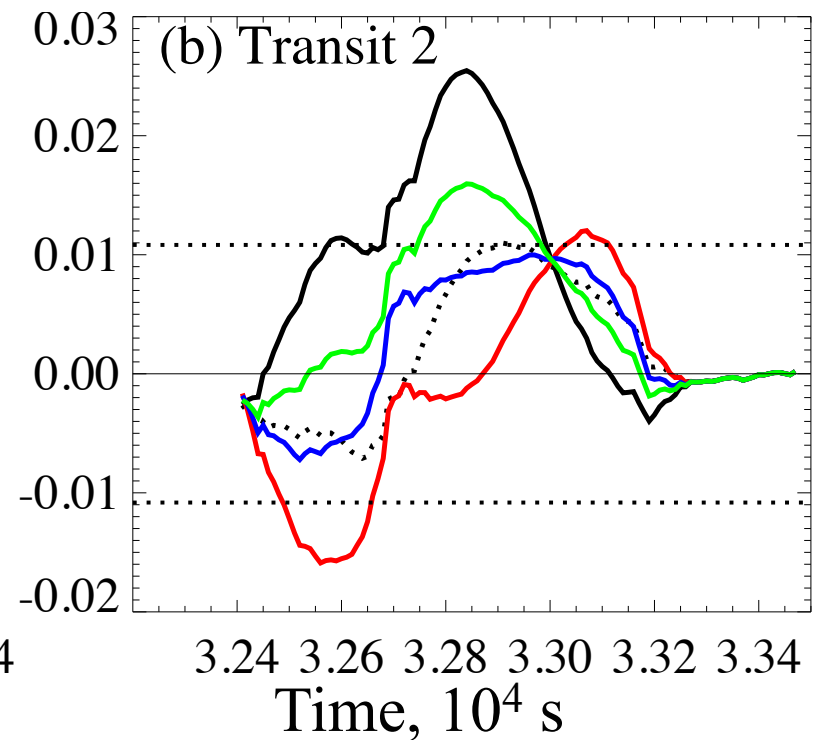
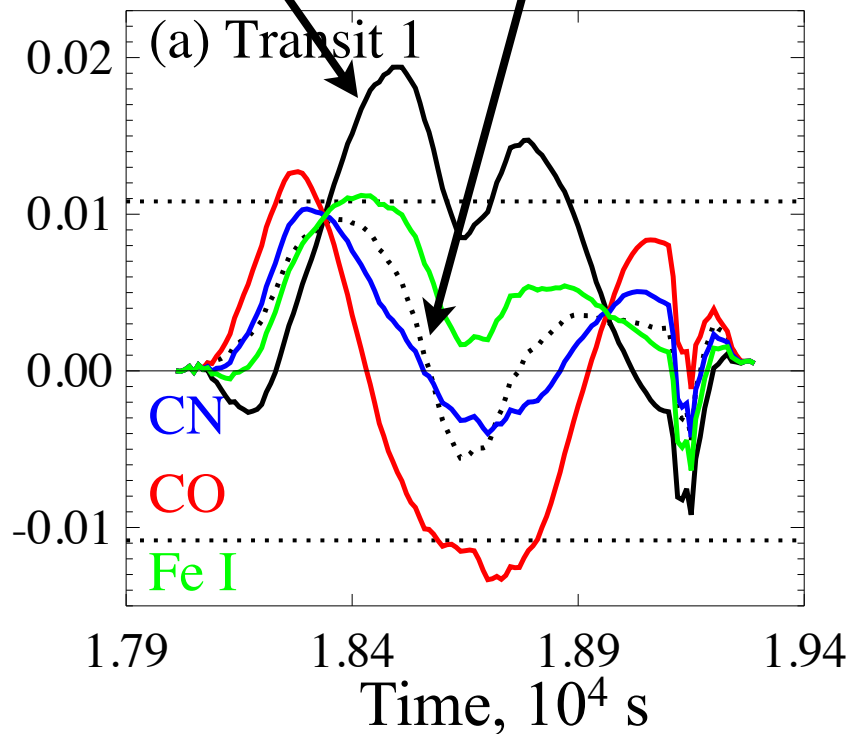
no preferable  
source of the  
missing opacity

best empirical  
profile with  
monotonic CLV

the agreement between  
theoretical and measured  
profiles is in order of 1%

molecules as well as neutral iron or another  
element with the similar ionization potential  
(e.g. silicon or magnesium) could be the  
source of the missing UV opacity

Theory - Measurements



# Results II. Profiles

no preferable  
source of the  
missing opacity

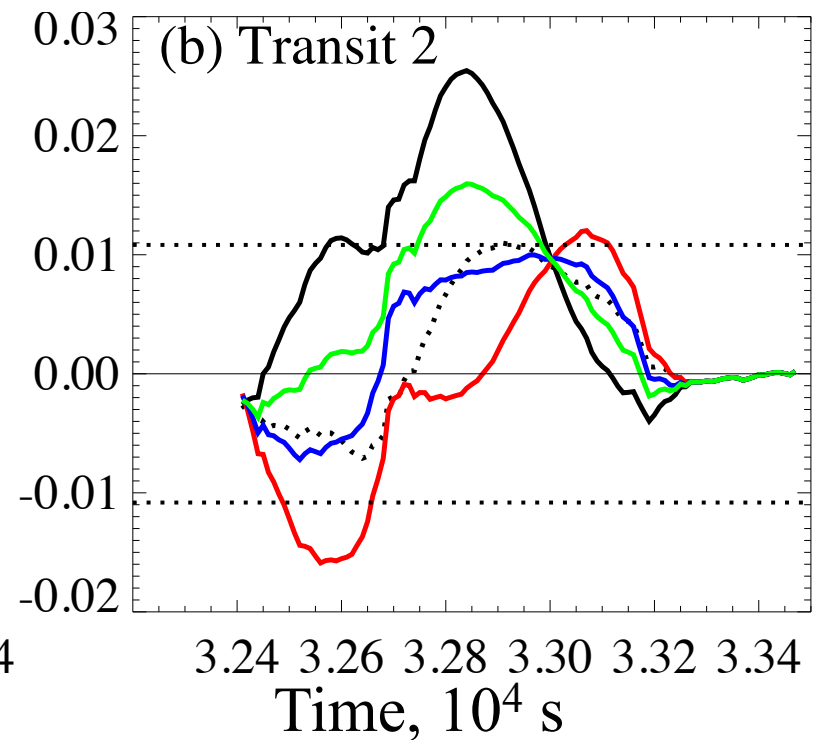
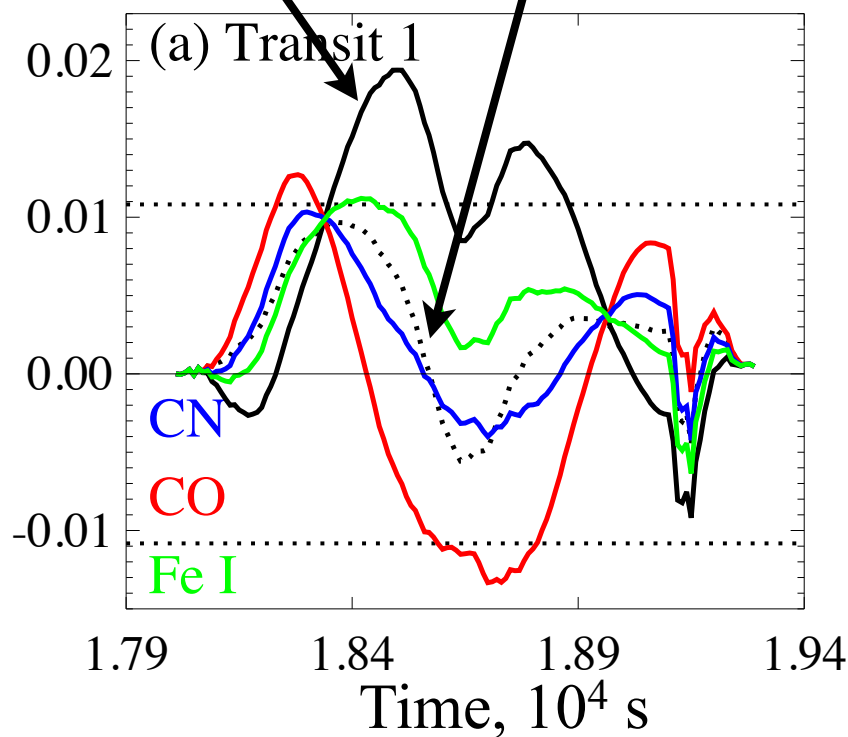
best empirical  
profile with  
monotonic CLV

the agreement between  
theoretical and measured  
profiles is in order of 1%

The fact that the calculations with COSI are in a good agreement with the measurements strongly supports its suitability for the modeling of the solar irradiance variability

another  
potential  
the

Theory - Measurements



# Results II. Profiles

no preferable  
source of the  
missing opacity

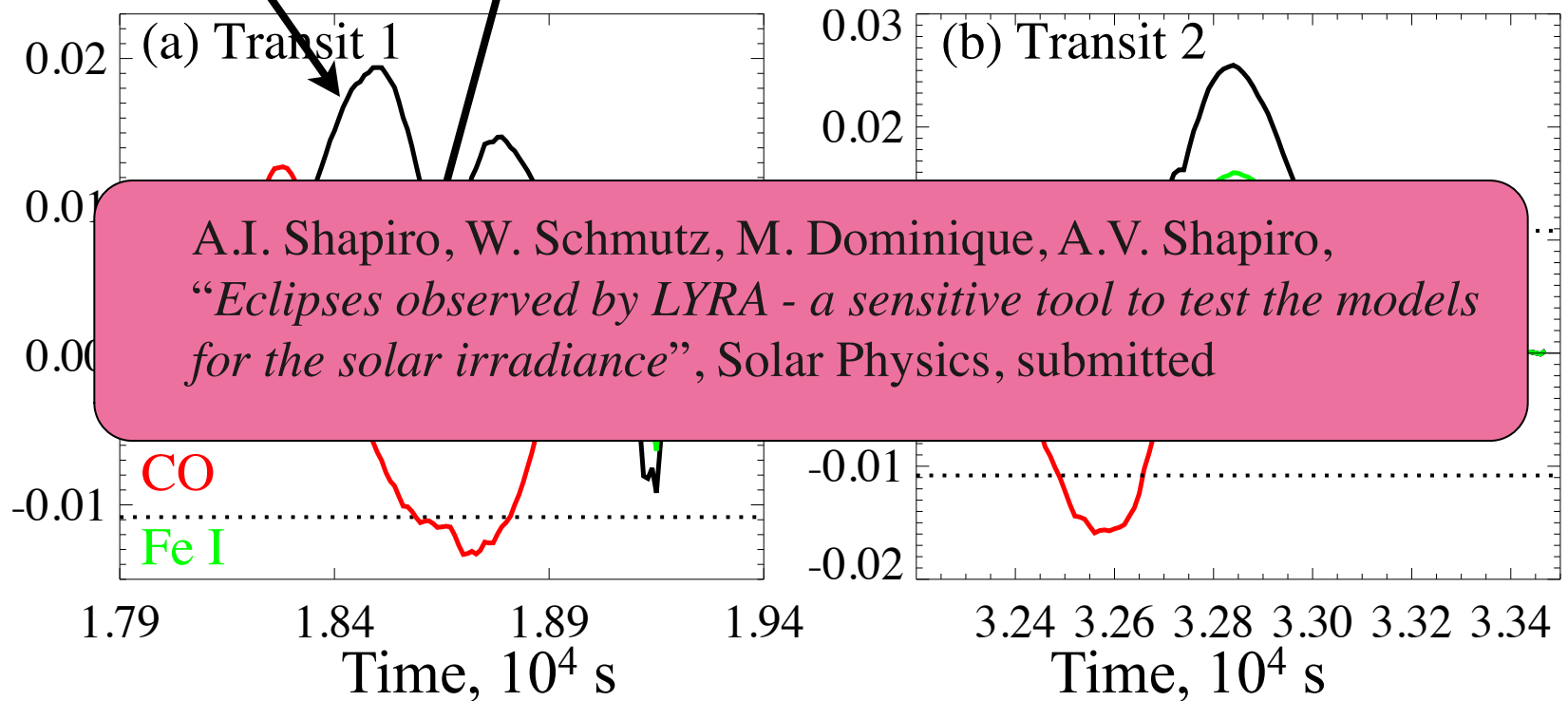
best empirical  
profile with  
monotonic CLV

the agreement between  
theoretical and measured  
profiles is in order of 1%

The fact that the calculations with COSI are in a good agreement with the measurements strongly supports its suitability for the modeling of the solar irradiance variability

another  
potential  
the

Theory - Measurements

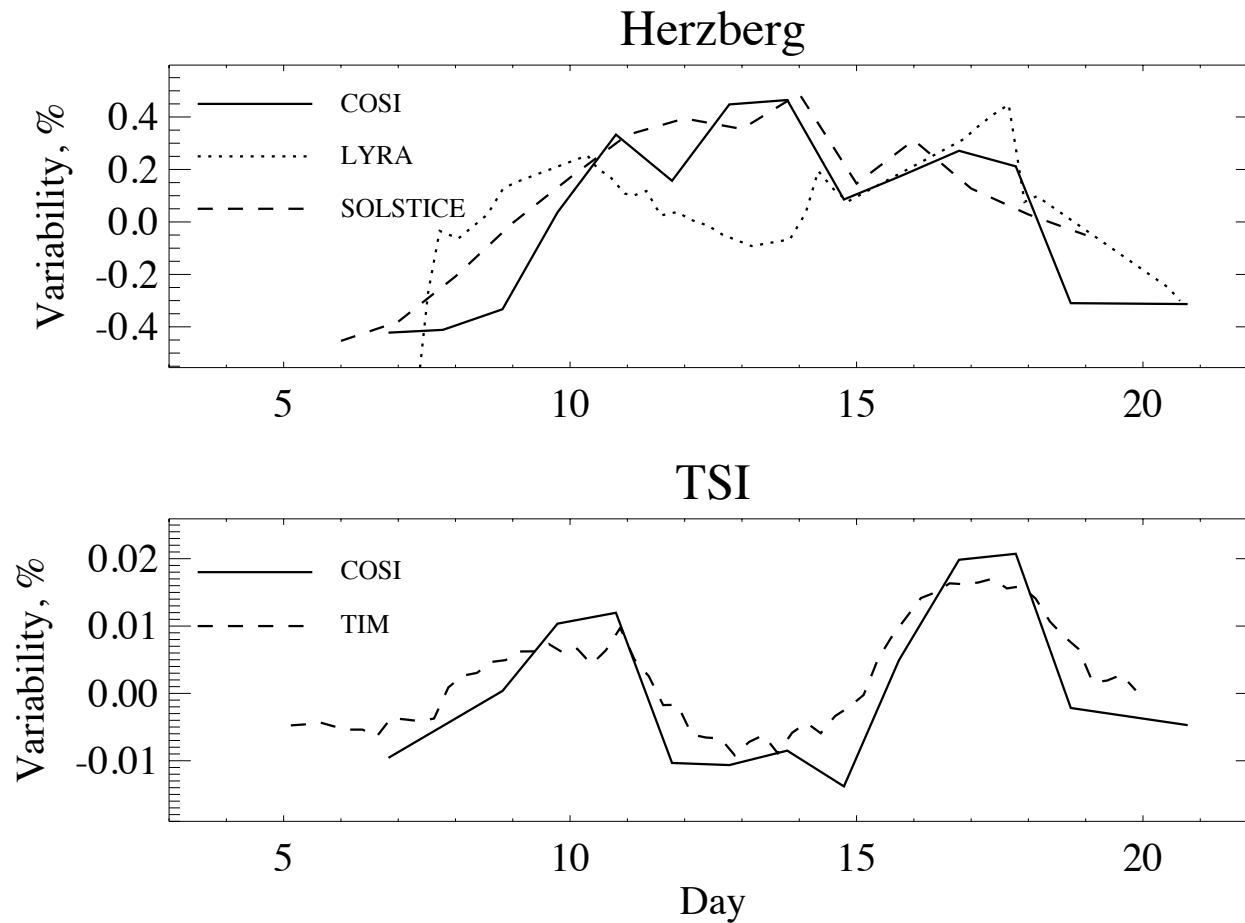
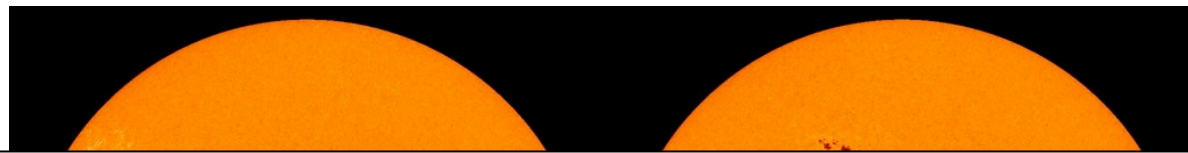


# Modeling of the solar rotational cycle





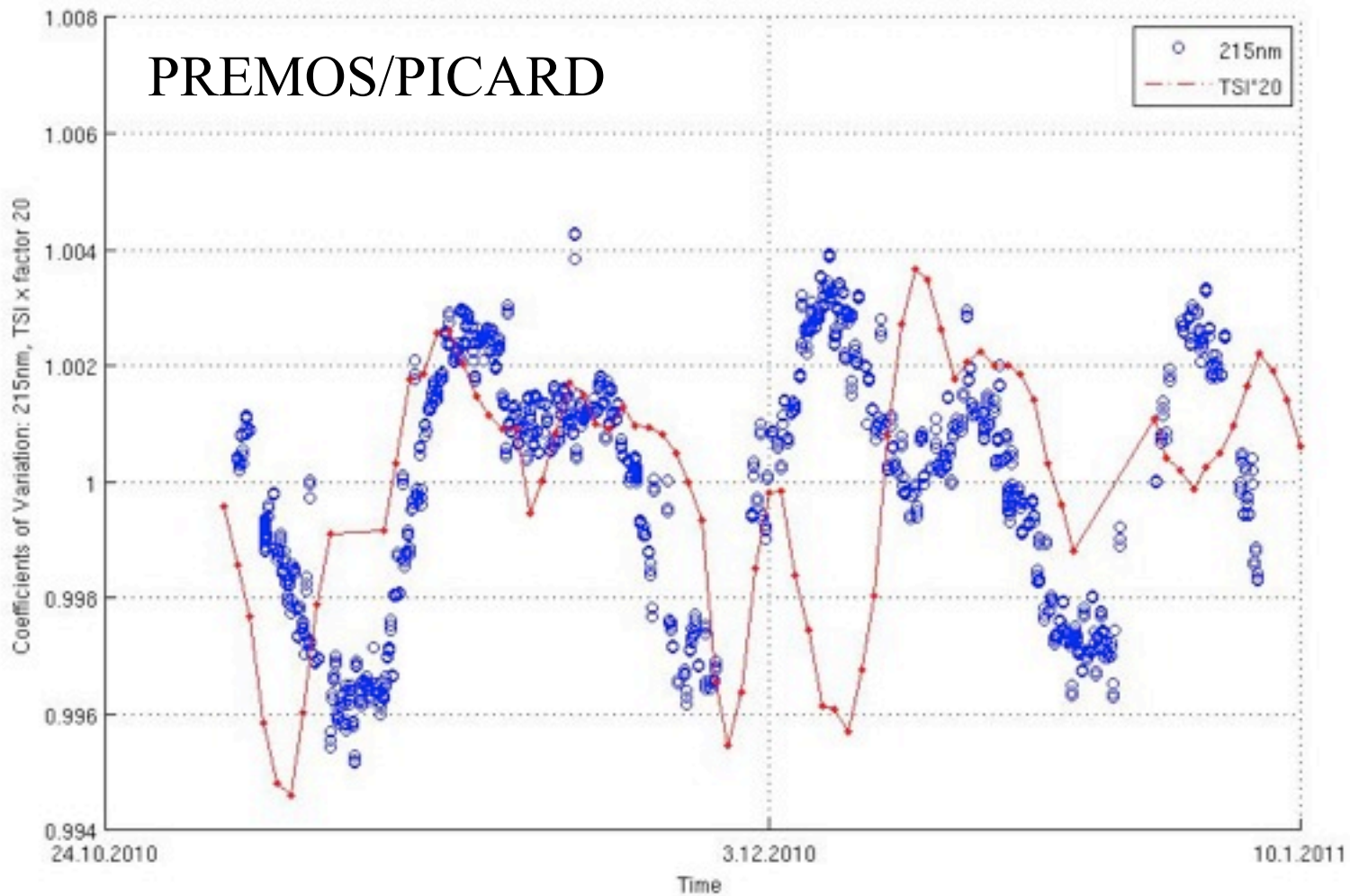
# Modeling of the solar rotational cycle



2010/01/14 08:00

2010/01/17 14:24

# Modeling of the solar rotational cycle

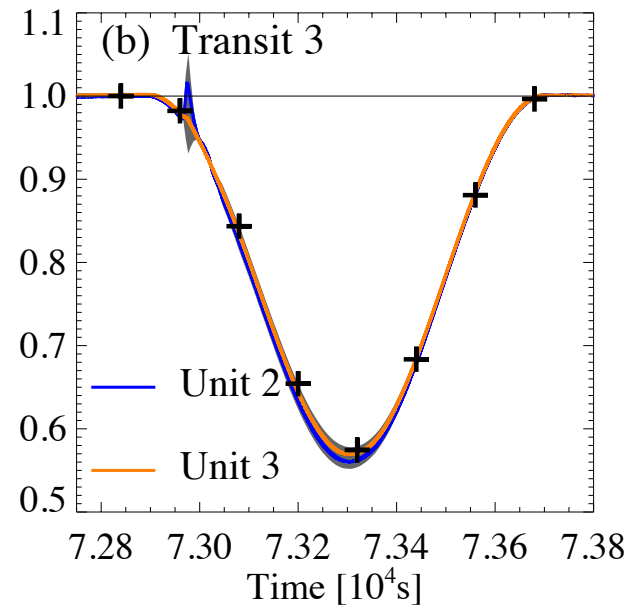
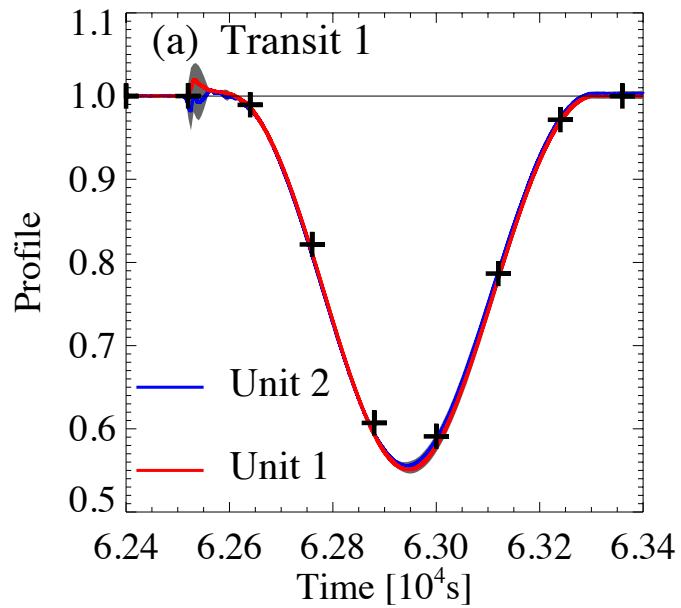


Day

2010/01/14 08:00

2010/01/17 14:24

# July 11, 2010 eclipse



# January 4, 2011 eclipse

