P2SC-ROB-WR-819 - 20251201	P2SC Weekly report	**** ****
Period covered: Date:	,	Royal Observatory of Belgium
Written by: Approved by:	Laurence Wauters Marie Dominique	PROBA2 Science Center
То:	LYRA PI, marie.dominique@sidc.be SWAP PI, elke.dhuys@sidc.be	https://proba2.sidc.be ++ 32 (0) 2 3730559
CC:	ROB DIR, ronald@oma.be ESA Redu, Rene.Wittmann@esa.int and Marcus.De.Deus.Silva@esa.int ESA D/SRE, Joe.Zender@esa.int ESA D/TEC, Juha-Pekka.Luntama@esa.int and Melanie.Heil@esa.int	

1. Science

Solar & Space weather events

The level of solar activity¹ fluctuated between **low and high** this week.

Only M- and X-flares are mentioned, the most energetic one(s) per day are presented in **bold**:

	Monday 01 Dec	Tuesday 02 Dec	Wednesday 03 Dec	Thursday 04 Dec	Friday 05 Dec	Saturday 06 Dec	Sunday 07 Dec
Activity	high	low	low	moderate	low	moderate	moderate
Flares	X1.9	-	-	M6.0	-	M8.1, M1.1	M2.4

¹ See appendix. All timings are given in UT.

Solar Activity

Solar flare activity fluctuated from low to high during the week.

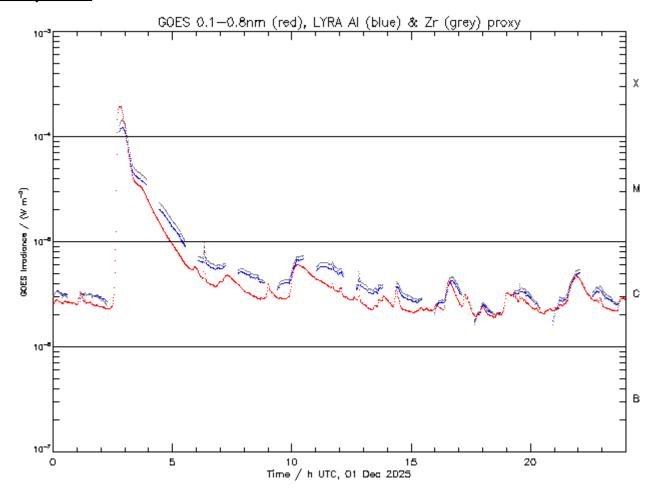
In order to view the activity of this week in more detail, we suggest to go to the following website from which all the daily (normal and difference) movies can be accessed: https://proba2.oma.be/ssa
This page also lists the recorded flaring events.

A weekly overview movie can be found here (SWAP week 819).

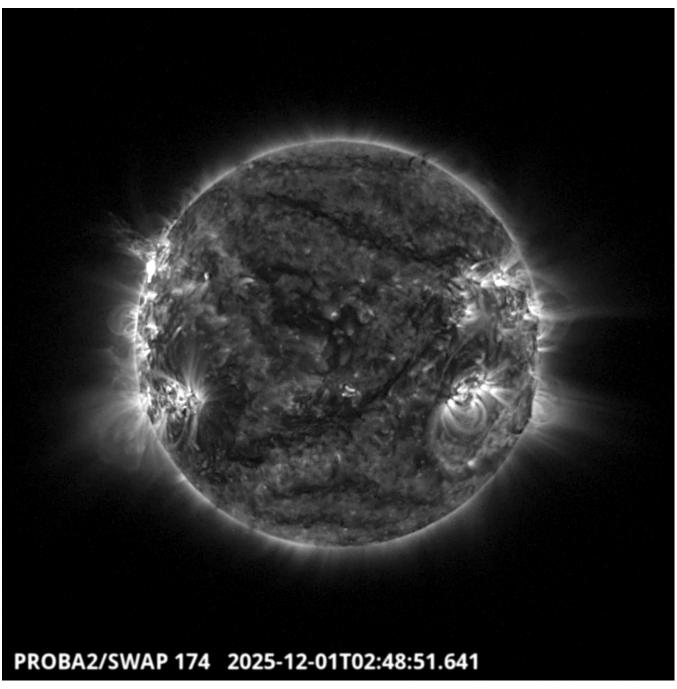
Details about some of this week's events can be found further below.

If any of the linked movies are unavailable they can be found in the P2SC movie repository here

Monday Dec 01



ROB/SIDC, Brussels, Belgium



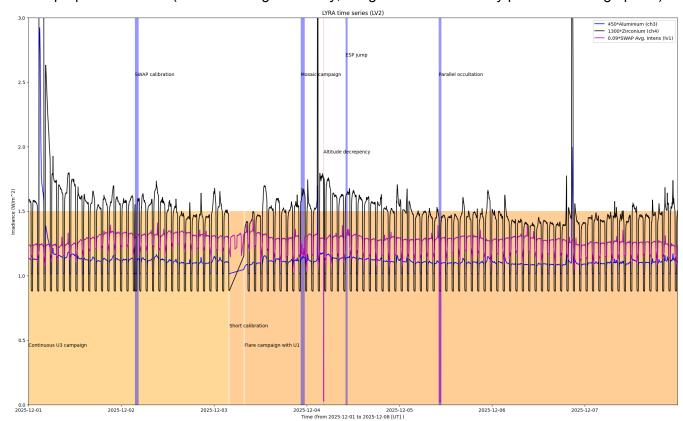
The largest flare of this week was an X1.9, and it was observed by LYRA (top panel) and SWAP (bottom panel). The flare peaked on 2025-Dec-01 at 02:49 UT and occurred on the North East part of the solar disk, originating from active region NOAA4299.

Find a SWAP movie of the event here.

An overview of the weekly LYRA & SWAP data is provided below:

The following curves are visible:

- black: Zirconium Channel LYRA Unit 2
- blue: Aluminium Channel of LYRA Unit 2
- purple: SWAVINT (SWAP Average Intensity; integrated solar intensity per SWAP image pixel)



Operations and Calibrations:

The blue shaded periods related to SWAP, correspond to, from left to right:

- SWAP calibration, 2025-Dec-02
- SWAP mosaïc campaign, 2025-Dec-03
- ESP jump, 2025-Dec-04
- SWAP and LYRA parallel occultation, 2025-Dec-05

The orange shaded periods related to LYRA correspond to, from left to right:

- LYRA calibration, 2025-Dec-03
- Unit 1 flare campaign, started on 2025-Dec-03

The red shaded periods related to other issues corresponds to:

• On Dec 04, a non commanded off-pointing of 0.1 degree and a discrepancy of the attitude control occurred between 04:21:58 and 04:28:58.

2. LYRA instrument status

IOS

Start IOS	Mon Dec 01 2025	LYIOS01215
End IOS	Sun Dec 07 2025	LYIOS01217

LYRA detector temperature

LYRA detector 2 temperature globally varied between 42.18 and 47.37°C.

3. SWAP instrument status

MCPM errors

The number of MCPM recoverable errors increased from 12549 to 12941.

The number of MCPM unrecoverable errors remained at 0.

IOS

Start IOS	Mon Dec 01 2025	IOS01332
End IOS	Sun Dec 07 2025	IOS01333

SWAP detector temperature

The SWAP Cold Finger Temperature globally varied between -4.01 and -1.37°C.

4. PROBA2 Science Center Status

The following changes were made to the P2SC:

• None.

5. Data reception & discussions with MOC

Passes

The delivery of the passes for this week (passes 52144 to 52203) was nominal, except for:

• On Dec 04, REDU observed an off-pointing of 0.1 degree and a discrepancy of the attitude control between 04:21:58 and 04:28:58. These data are included in pass 52172.

Data coverage HK

All HK data files (LYRA_AD) have been received, except:

None.

Data coverage SWAP

All SWAP Science data files (BINSWAP) have been received, except:

None.

Total number of images between 2025 Dec 01 00:00 UT and 2025 Dec 08 00:00 UT: 4218

Highest cadence in this period: 18 seconds Average cadence in this period: 143.36 seconds Number of image gaps larger than 300 seconds: 109

Largest data gap: 32.50 minutes

Data coverage LYRA

All LYRA Science data files (BINLYRA) have been received, except:

None

6. APPENDIX: Frequently used acronyms

ADPMS Advanced Data and Power Management System

AOCS Attitude and Orbit Control System

APS Active Pixel image Sensor

ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit

BBE Base Band Equipment
CME Coronal Mass Ejection

COGEX Cool Gas Generator Experiment

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAC Data Acquisition Controller
DBR Deployment, backup & recovery
DDA Decommutated data archive
ESP Experimental Solar Panel

FITS Flexible Image Transport System

FOV Field Of View FPA Focal Plane Assembly

FPGA Field Programmable Gate Arrays

GPS Global Positioning System

HK Housekeeping

IOS Instrument Operations Sheet

LED Light Emitting Diode
LYRA LYman alpha RAdiometer

LYTMR LYRA Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)
LYEDG LYRA Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)

MCPM Mass Memory, Compression and Packetisation Module

MOC Mission Operation Center NDR Non Destructive Readout

OBSW On board Software
PI Principal Investigator
P2SC PROBA2 Science Center
ROB Royal Observatory of Belgium

SAA South Atlantic Anomaly
SEU Single Event Upset

SoFAST | Solar Feature Automated Search Tool

SWAP Sun Watcher using APS detector and image Processing

SWAVINT | SWAP AVerage INTensity

SWBSDG | SWAP Base Science Data Generator

SWEDG SWAP Engineering Data Generator (software module of P2SC)
SWTMR SWAP Telemetry Reformatter (software module of P2SC)

TBC To Be Confirmed

TBD To Be Defined TC Telecommand

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UV Ultraviolet

VFC Voltage to Frequency Converter

7. APPENDIX Solar Activity Definitions

In the science section we use the following solar activity standards.

The standard scale for solar activity is:

- very low (almost no flares, only B)
- low (a few C flares)
- moderate (many C flares and at least an M flare)
- high (several M flares and an X flare)
- very high (continuous background of C flares, numerous M flares, more than one X flare)